



Monday, September 19, 2024

To, Bombay Stock Exchange Ltd Corporate Relationship Department 1st Floor, New Trading Ring, Rotunda Building, P.J. Towers, Dalal Street, Fort, Mumbai- 400001

(Scrip Code No: 531644)

Sub: Corrigendum to the Notice of 30th Annual General Meeting ("AGM") and the Annual Report of Tokyo Finance Limited.

Dear Sir/Madam,

Tokyo Finance Limited ("The Company") had issued Notice dated September 02, 2024 ("AGM Notice") for convening the 30th AGM of the members of the Company which is scheduled to be held on Monday, 30th September, 2024 at 12.45 P.M. through video conferencing / other audio visual means to transact the businesses mentioned in the AGM Notice.

The AGM Notice along with Annual Report for FY 2023-24 was circulated only through e-mails to those members whose email IDs are registered with the Company/Depository Participant(s)/ Registrar and Share Transfer Agent and holding Equity Shares of the Company as on September 04, September, 2024. The dispatch of Notice of AGM was completed on same day. Subsequent to issuance and circulation of the AGM Notice and Annual Report, the Company wants to inform the change in Book Closure dates from "23rd September, 2024 to 30th September, 2024" to "24th September, 2024 to 30th September, 2024".

In this regard now, Corrigendum to the AGM Notice and Annual Report is hereby given to the Shareholders of the Company that the Register of Members and Share Transfer Books will remain closed from 24th September, 2024 to 30th September, 2024 (both days inclusive) for the purpose of 30th AGM. As a consequence to this Corrigendum, Note no. 2 on Page no.2 forming part of Important Notes annexed with the AGM Notice and Annual Report dated September 2, 2024 should be read as follows:

"2. The Register of members and the share transfer books of the company will remain closed from 24th September, 2024 to 30th September, 2024 (both days inclusive).

All other information and content as set out in the AGM Notice and Annual Report dated September 2, 2024 including the resolutions to be considered there at remain unchanged. Members may note that the AGM Notice, the Corrigendum to the Notice and Annual Report for the financial year 2023-24 will also be available on the Company's website www.tokyofinance.in, on website of the Stock Exchange i.e. BSE Limited at www.bseindia.com.





This corrigendum to the AGM Notice and Annual Report shall form an integral part of the Notice and Annual Report circulated to the Shareholders of the Company as on 4th September, 2024. Accordingly, all the concerned shareholders, stock exchange, depositories, registrar and share transfer agent, agencies appointed for e-voting, other authorities, regulators and all other concerned persons are requested to take note of the aforesaid correction.

We request you to kindly take the aforesaid Corrigendum to Notice on your record.

Thanking You, Tokyo Finance Limited

Haresh Velji Shah Director DIN: 00008339

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the Thirtieth Annual General Meeting of the shareholders of Tokyo Finance Limited (CIN-L65923DD1994PLC009783) will be held on Monday, 30th September, 2024 at 12.45 through Video Conferencing (VC) or Other Audio Visual Means (OVAM) to transact the following businesses:

Ordinary Business:

- 1. To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Standalone Financial Statement for the year ended 31st March, 2024 and the Reports of the Board of Directors and Auditors thereon.
- 2. To appoint a Director in place of Mr. Haresh Velji Shah Director, who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment.

Special Business:

3. To approve and regularize the appointment of Mrs. Kinnari Sunny Charla (DIN:10748676) as an Independent Director (Non-Executive) of the Company:

To consider and if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as a Special Resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT Mrs. Kinnari Sunny Charla (DIN: 10748676) who was appointed by the Board as an Additional Director of the Company with effect from 2nd September 2024 and who holds office up to the date of this Annual General Meeting of the Company in terms of Section 161(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") and Article of the Articles of Association of the Company but who is eligible for appointment be and is hereby appointed as Independent Director (Non-Executive) of the Company.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT that pursuant to the provisions of Section 149, 152 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Act, the Companies (Appointment and Qualifications of Directors) Rules, 2014 read with Schedule IV to the Act and Regulation 17 and other applicable regulations of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation 2015 "(SEBI Listing Regulations), as amended from time to time, the appointment of Mrs. Kinnari Sunny Charla (DIN: 10748676) who meets the criteria for inde pendence as provided in Section 149(6) of the Act along with the rules framed thereunder, and the regulation 16(1)(b) of SEBI Listing Regulations and who has submitted a declaration to that effect, and who is eligible for appointment as an Independent Director of the Company, not liable to retire by rotation, for a term of five years commencing 30th September 2024 to 29th September 2029."

4. Revision of remuneration of Mr. Velji Lakhadhir Shah (DIN 00007239) Managing Director:

To consider and if thought fit to pass with or without modification(s) the following resolution as a Special Resolution: -

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 197 read with Schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force), and Article of Association of the Company the consent and subject to approval of members and the Company, be and are hereby increase the remuneration of Managing Director and accorded for payment of Rs.1,00,000/- (Rupees One Lakh only) per month w.e.f. 1st October, 2024 under Section II of Part II of Schedule V, to Mr. Velji Lakhadhir Shah (DIN: 00007239), Managing Director of the Company, this resolution will be valid for a term up to three consecutive years from the date of ensuing annual general meeting

5. Revision of remuneration of Mr. Haresh Velji Shah (DIN 00008339) Executive Director:

To consider and if thought fit to pass with or without modification(s) the following resolution as a Special Resolution: -

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 197 read with Schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force), and Article of Association of the Company the consent and subject to approval of members and the Company, be and are hereby increase the remuneration of Executive Director and accorded for payment of Rs.75,000/- (Rupees Seventy Five Thousand only) per month w.e.f. 1st October, 2024 under Section II of Part II of Schedule V, to Mr. Haresh Velji Shah (DIN: 00008339), Executive Director of the Company, this resolution will be valid for a term upto three consecutive years from the date of ensuing annual general meeting

IMPORTANT NOTES:

- 1. This AGM is being held pursuant to the MCA Circulars through VC/OAVM, physical attendance of Members has been dispensed with. Accordingly, the facility for appointment of proxies by the Members will not be available for the AGM and hence the Proxy Form and Attendance Slip are not annexed to this Notice.
- 2. The Register of members and the share transfer books of the company will remain closed from 24th September, 2024 to 30th September, 2024 (both days inclusive).
- 3. Members are requested to notify the change in address or bank details or to update their e-mail Id. The said information should be submitted to the Company's Registrar and Share Transfer Agent, Link Intime India Pvt Ltd. (Sharex Dynamic (India) Pvt. Ltd. merged into Link Intime India Pvt Ltd w.e.f. 31-08-2020), C-101, 247 Park, L B S Marg, Vikhroli West, Mumbai 400083. Phone No. 022 49186270. Website: www.linkintime.co.in, email ID: rnt.helpdesk@linkintime.co.in if the shares are held in physical form and to the concerned Depository Participants ('DP'), if the shares are held in electronic form.

- 4. In line with the MCA General Circular dated May 5, 2020, the Notice of the AGM along with the Annual Report 2023-24 is being sent only through electronic mode to those Members whose e-mail addresses are registered with the Company / Depositories. The Notice convening the 30th AGM has been uploaded on the website of the Company at www.tokyofinance.in
 - 1. Members desirous of obtaining any information concerning the accounts of the Company are requested to send their queries to the Company at least seven days before the date of the Meeting. Replies will be provided only at the meeting.
 - 2. Since the AGM will be held through VC/OAVM, the Route Map is not annexed in this Notice.
- 1. Voting through electronic means:

In compliance with Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 20 of The Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 as substituted by The Companies (Management and Administration) Amendment Rules, 2015 & Regulation 44 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosures Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the Company is offering remote e-voting facility to the members to enable them to cast their votes electronically from a place other than the venue of the AGM ('remote e-voting') provided by Central Depository Services Limited ('CDSL').

Members who have cast their vote by remote e-voting prior to the meeting may also attend the meeting but shall not be entitled to cast their vote again.

CDSL e-Voting System – For e-voting and Joining Virtual meetings.

- 1. As you are aware, in view of the situation arising due to COVID-19 global pandemic, the general meetings of the companies shall be conducted as per the guidelines issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) vide Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 8, 2020, Circular No.17/2020 dated April 13, 2020 and Circular No. 20/2020 dated May 05, 2020, General Circular No. 10/2022, General Circular No. 11/2022, dated December 28, 2022 and General Circular No. 09/2023. The forthcoming AGM / EGM will thus be held through video conferencing (VC) or other audio visual means (OAVM). Hence, Members can attend and participate in the ensuing AGM/EGM through VC/OAVM.
- 2. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 (as amended) and Regulation 44 of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015 (as amended), and MCA Circulars dated April 08, 2020, April 13, 2020 and May 05, 2020 the Company is providing facility of remote e-voting to its Members in respect of the business to be transacted at the AGM/EGM. For this purpose, the Company has entered into an agreement with Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) for facilitating voting through electronic means, as the authorized e-Voting's agency. The facility of casting votes by a member using remote e-voting as well as the e-voting system on the date of the EGM/AGM will be provided by CDSL.

- 3. The Members can join the EGM/AGM in the VC/OAVM mode 15 minutes before and after the scheduled time of the commencement of the Meeting by following the procedure mentioned in the Notice. The facility of participation at the EGM/AGM through VC/OAVM will be made available to at least 1000 members on first come first served basis. This will not include large Shareholders (Shareholders holding 2% or more shareholding), Promoters, Institutional Investors, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, the Chairpersons of the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee, Auditors etc. who are allowed to attend the EGM/AGM without restriction on account of first come first served basis.
- 4. The attendance of the Members attending the AGM/EGM through VC/OAVM will be counted for the purpose of ascertaining the quorum under Section 103 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- 5. Pursuant to MCA Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 08, 2020, the facility to appoint proxy to attend and cast vote for the members is not available for this AGM/EGM. However, in pursuance of Section 112 and Section 113 of the Companies Act, 2013, representatives of the members such as the President of India or the Governor of a State or body corporate can attend the AGM/EGM through VC/OAVM and cast their votes through e-voting.
- 6. In line with the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) Circular No. 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020, the Notice calling the AGM/EGM has been uploaded on the website of the Company at www.tokyofinance.in The Notice can also be accessed from the websites of the Stock Exchanges i.e. BSE Limited at www.bseindia.com. The AGM/EGM Notice is also disseminated on the website of CDSL (agency for providing the Remote e-Voting facility and e-voting system during the AGM/EGM) i.e. www.evotingindia.com.
- 7. The AGM/EGM has been convened through VC/OAVM in compliance with applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 read with MCA Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 8, 2020 and MCA Circular No. 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020 and MCA Circular No. 20/2020 dated May 05, 2020.
- 8. In continuation of this Ministry's General Circular No. 20/2020, dated 05.05.2020, General Circular No.10/2022, General Circular No.11/2022, dated 28.12.2022 and General Circular No. 09/2023 after due examination, it has been decided to allow companies whose AGMs were due to be held in the year due for the year 2024, through video conference (VC) or other audio-visual means (OAVM) mode till September 30, 2024.

THE INTRUCTIONS OF SHAREHOLDERS FOR E-VOTING AND JOINING VIRTUAL MEETINGS ARE AS UNDER:

- **Step 1:** Access through Depositories CDSL/NSDL e-Voting system in case of individual shareholders holding shares in demat mode.
- **Step 2:** Access through CDSL e-Voting system in case of shareholders holding shares in physical mode and non-individual shareholders in demat mode.
- i. The voting period begins on 27th September, 2024 at 09:00 AM and ends on 29th September, 2024 at 05:00 PM. During this period shareholders' of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on the cut-off date (record date) of 23rd September, 2024 may cast their vote electronically. The e-voting module shall be disabled by CDSL for voting thereafter.
- ii. Shareholders who have already voted prior to the meeting date would not be entitled to vote at the meeting venue.
- iii. Pursuant to SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/CIR/P/2020/242 dated 09.12.2020, under Regulation 44 of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, listed entities are required to provide remote e-voting facility to its shareholders, in respect of all shareholders' resolutions. However, it has been observed that the participation by the public non-institutional shareholders / retail shareholders is at a negligible level.

Currently, there are multiple e-voting service providers (ESPs) providing e-voting facility to listed entities in India. This necessitates registration on various ESPs and maintenance of mul tiple user IDs and passwords by the shareholders.

In order to increase the efficiency of the voting process, pursuant to a public consultation, it has been decided to enable e-voting to all the demat account holders, by way of a single login credential, through their demat accounts/ websites of Depositories/ Depository Participants. Demat account holders would be able to cast their vote without having to register again with the ESPs, thereby, not only facilitating seamless authentication but also enhancing ease and convenience of participating in e-voting process.

Step 1 : Access through Depositories CDSL/NSDL e-Voting system in case of individual shareholders holding shares in demat mode.

iv. In terms of SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/CIR/P/2020/242 dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are advised to update their mobile number and email Id in their demat accounts in order to access e-Voting facility.

Pursuant to above said SEBI Circular, Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meetings for Individual shareholders holding securities in Demat mode CDSL/NSDL is given below:

Type of share holders	Login I	Method	
	1)	Users who have opted for CDSL Easi / Easiest facility, can login through their existing user id and password. Option will be made available to reach e-Voting page without any further authentication. The users to login to Easi / Easiest are requested to visit cdsl website www.cdslindia.com and click on login icon & New System Myeasi Tab.	
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with CDSL	2)	After successful login the Easi / Easiest user will be able to see the e-Voting option for eligible companies where the evoting is in progress as per the information provided by company. On clicking the evoting option, the user will be able to see e-Voting page of the e-Voting service provider for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting. Additionally, there is also links provided to access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers, so that the user can visit the e-Voting service providers' website directly.	
Depository	3)	If the user is not registered for Easi/Easiest, option to register is available at cdsl website www.cdslindia.com and click on login & New System Myeasi Tab and then click on registration option.	
	4)	Alternatively, the user can directly access e-Voting page by providing Demat Account Number and PAN No. from an e-Voting link available on www.cdslindia.com home page. The system will authenticate the user by sending OTP on registered Mobile & Email as recorded in the Demat Account. After successful authentication, user will be able to see the e-Voting option where the evoting is in progress and also able to directly access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers.	

Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL Depository	If you are already registered for NSDL IDeAS facility, please visit the e-Services website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://eservices.nsdl.com either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Services is launched, click on the "Beneficial Owner" icon under "Login" which is available under 'IDeAS' section. A new screer will open. You will have to enter your User ID and Password After successful authentication, you will be able to see e-Voting services. Click on "Access to e-Voting" under e-Voting services and you will be able to see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be redirected to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting. 2) If the user is not registered for IDeAS e-Services, option to register is available at https://eservices.nsdl.com. Select "Register Online for IDeAS "Portal or click at https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg.jsp 3) Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/ either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon "Login" which is available under 'Shareholder/Member' section. A new screer will open. You will have to enter your User ID (i.e. your sixteer digit demat account number hold with NSDL), Password/OTF and a Verification Code as shown on the screen. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-Voting page. Click or company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will
	be redirected to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtua meeting & voting during the meeting.
Individual Shareholders (holding securities in demat mode) login through their Depository Participants (DP)	You can also login using the login credentials of your demaraceount through your Depository Participant registered with NSDL/CDSL for e-Voting facility. After Successful login, you will be able to see e-Voting option. Once you click on e-Voting option, you will be redirected to NSDL/CDSL Depository site after successful authentication, wherein you can see e-Voting feature. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be redirected to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period

Important Note: Members who are unable to retrieve User ID/ Password are advised to use Forget User ID and Forget Password option available at abovementioned website.

Helpdesk for Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode for any technical issues related to login through Depository i.e. CDSL and NSDL

Login type	Helpdesk details		
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with CDSL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact CDSL helpdesk by sending a request at helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact at toll free no. 1800 21 09911		
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with NSDL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact NSDL helpdesk by sending a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in or call at : 022 - 4886 7000 and 022 - 2499 7000		

Step 2: Access through CDSL e-Voting system in case of shareholders holding shares in physical mode and non-individual shareholders in demat mode.

- v. Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meetings for Physical shareholders and shareholders other than individual holding in Demat form.
 - 1) The shareholders should log on to the e-voting website www.evotingindia.com.
 - 2) Click on "Shareholders" module.
 - 3) Now enter your User ID
 - a. For CDSL: 16 digits beneficiary ID,
 - b. For NSDL: 8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digits Client ID,
 - c. Shareholders holding shares in Physical Form should enter Folio Number registered with the Company.
 - 4) Next enter the Image Verification as displayed and Click on Login.
 - 5) If you are holding shares in demat form and had logged on to www.evotingindia.com and voted on an earlier e-voting of any company, then your existing password is to be used.
 - 6) If you are a first-time user follow the steps given below:

For Physical shareholders and other than individual shareholders holding shares in Demat.			
	Enter your 10 digit alpha-numeric *PAN issued by Income Tax Department (Applicable for both demat shareholders as well as physical shareholders)		
PAN	 Shareholders who have not updated their PAN with the Company/Depository Participant are requested to use the sequence number sent by Company/RTA or contact Company/RTA. 		
Dividend Bank Details OR	Enter the Dividend Bank Details or Date of Birth (in dd/mm/yyyy format) as recorded in your demat account or in the company records in order to login.		
Date of Birth (DOB)	If both the details are not recorded with the depository or company, please enter the member id / folio number in the Dividend Bank details field.		

- vi. After entering these details appropriately, click on "SUBMIT" tab.
- vii. Shareholders holding shares in physical form will then directly reach the Company selection screen. However, shareholders holding shares in demat form will now reach 'Password Creation' menu wherein they are required to mandatorily enter their login password in the new password field. Kindly note that this password is to be also used by the demat holders for voting for resolutions of any other company on which they are eligible to vote, provided that company opts for e-voting through CDSL platform. It is strongly recommended not to share your pass word with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential.
- viii. For shareholders holding shares in physical form, the details can be used only for e-voting on the resolutions contained in this Notice.
- ix. Click on the EVSN for the relevant <Company Name> on which you choose to vote.
- x. On the voting page, you will see "RESOLUTION DESCRIPTION" and against the same the option "YES/NO" for voting. Select the option YES or NO as desired. The option YES implies that you assent to the Resolution and option NO implies that you dissent to the Resolution.
- xi. Click on the "RESOLUTIONS FILE LINK" if you wish to view the entire Resolution details.
- xii. After selecting the resolution, you have decided to vote on, click on "SUBMIT". A confirmation box will be displayed. If you wish to confirm your vote, click on "OK", else to change your vote, click on "CANCEL" and accordingly modify your vote.
- xiii. Once you "CONFIRM" your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.
- xiv. You can also take a print of the votes cast by clicking on "Click here to print" option on the Voting page.
- xv. If a demat account holder has forgotten the login password then Enter the User ID and the image verification code and click on Forgot Password & enter the details as prompted by the system.
- xvi. There is also an optional provision to upload BR/POA if any uploaded, which will be made available to scrutinizer for verification.
- xvii. Additional Facility for Non Individual Shareholders and Custodians For Remote Voting only.
 - * Non Individual shareholders (i.e. other than Individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) and Custodi ans are required to log on to www.evotingindia.com and register themselves in the "Corporates" module.
 - * A scanned copy of the Registration Form bearing the stamp and sign of the entity should be emailed to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com.
 - * After receiving the login details a Compliance User should be created using the admin login and password. The Compliance User would be able to link the account(s) for which they wish to vote on.

- * The list of accounts linked in the login will be mapped automatically & can be delink in case of any wrong mapping.
- * It is Mandatory that, a scanned copy of the Board Resolution and Power of Attorney (POA) which they have issued in favour of the Custodian, if any, should be uploaded in PDF format in the system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.
- * Alternatively Non Individual shareholders are required mandatory to send the relevant Board Resolution/ Authority letter etc. together with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory who are authorized to vote, to the Scrutinizer and to the Company at the email address viz; info.tokyofinance@gmail.com, if they have voted from individual tab & not uploaded same in the CDSL e-voting system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR SHAREHOLDERS ATTENDING THE AGM/EGM THROUGH VC/OAVM & E-VOTING DURING MEETING ARE AS UNDER:

- 1. The procedure for attending meeting & e-Voting on the day of the AGM/ EGM is same as the instructions mentioned above for e-voting.
- 2. The link for VC/OAVM to attend meeting will be available where the EVSN of Company will be displayed after successful login as per the instructions mentioned above for e-voting.
- 3. Shareholders who have voted through Remote e-Voting will be eligible to attend the meeting. However, they will not be eligible to vote at the AGM/EGM.
- 4. Shareholders are encouraged to join the Meeting through Laptops / IPads for better experience.
- 5. Further shareholders will be required to allow Camera and use Internet with a good speed to avoid any disturbance during the meeting.
- 6. Please note that Participants Connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptop connecting via Mobile Hotspot may experience Audio/Video loss due to Fluctuation in their respective network. It is therefore recommended to use Stable Wi-Fi or LAN Connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.
- 7. Shareholders who would like to express their views/ask questions during the meeting may register themselves as a speaker by sending their request in advance at least 7 days prior to meeting mentioning their name, demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at info.tokyofinance@gmail.com The shareholders who do not wish to speak during the AGM but have queries may send their queries in advance 7 days prior to meeting mentioning their name, demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at info.tokyofinance@gmail.com These queries will be replied to by the company suitably by email.

- 8. Those shareholders who have registered themselves as a speaker will only be allowed to express their views/ask questions during the meeting.
- 9. Only those shareholders, who are present in the AGM/EGM through VC/OAVM facility and have not casted their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-Voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-Voting system available during the EGM/AGM.
- 10. If any Votes are cast by the shareholders through the e-voting available during the EGM/AGM and if the same shareholders have not participated in the meeting through VC/OAVM facility, then the votes cast by such shareholders may be considered invalid as the facility of e-voting during the meeting is available only to the shareholders attending the meeting.

PROCESS FOR THOSE SHAREHOLDERS WHOSE EMAIL/MOBILE NO. ARE NOT REGISTERED WITH THE COMPANY/DEPOSITORIES.

- 1. For Physical shareholders please provide necessary details like Folio No., Name of shareholder, scanned copy of the share certificate (front and back), PAN (self-attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self-attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) by email to info.tokyofinance@gmail.com/rnt.helpdesk@linkintime.co.in
- 2. For Demat shareholders please update your email id & mobile no. with your respective Depository Participant (DP)
- 3. For Individual Demat shareholders Please update your email id & mobile no. with your respective Depository Participant (DP) which is mandatory while e-Voting & joining virtual meetings through Depository.

If you have any queries or issues regarding attending AGM & e-Voting from the CDSL e-Voting System, you can write an email to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact at toll free no. 1800 21 09911.

All grievances connected with the facility for voting by electronic means may be addressed to Mr.Rakesh Dalvi, Sr.Manager, (CDSL,) Central Depository Services (India) Limited, A Wing, 25th Floor, Marathon Futurex, Mafatlal Mill Compounds, N M Joshi Marg, Lower Parel (East), Mumbai-400013 or send an email to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or call toll free no.1800 21 09911.

ANNEXURE TO THE NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

EXPLANATORY STATEMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 102 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

This Statement sets out all material facts relating to the Business mentioned in the accompanying Notice:

Item No.3

Regularization of Mrs. Kinnari Sunny Charla (DIN: 10748676) as an Independent Director (Non-Executive) of the Company pursuant to Section 161 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Board, on September 02, 2024, appointed Mrs. Kinnari Sunny Charla as an Additional Director in the capacity of Independent Director of the Company till the conclusion of ensuing Annual general Meeting.

The Nomination & Remuneration Committee considered, approved and recommended to the Board and/or Shareholders (Members) the appointment of Mrs. Kinnari Sunny Charla and her appointment is regularized for a term of 5 (Five) years with effect from September 30th, 2024 till the September 29th, 2029 (both days inclusive) subject to the approval of the shareholders through a special resolution.

Except Mrs. Kinnari Sunny Charla, being the appointee, or her relatives, none of the Directors and Key Managerial Personnel of the Company or their relatives are concerned or interested financially or otherwise, in the resolution set out at Item No.3. The Board of Directors recommends the resolution in relation to appointment of Mrs. Kinnari Sunny Charla as an Independent Director of the Company, as set out in Item No. 3 for approval of the members by way of a Special Resolution.

DETAILS OF DIRECTORS SEEKING APPOINTMENT/RE-APPOINTMENT AT THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING IN ITEM NO 2 AND 3

In Pursuance to SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Rule, 2015

Particulars	Mr.Haresh Velji Shah	Mrs. Kinnari Sunny Charla	
Date of Birth	16.08.1974	20.05.1988	
Date of Appointment	01.07.1996	02.09.2024	
Qualifications	Graduate	Law Graduate	
Expertise in specific functional areas	-	Law	
Directorship in other	Tokyo Plast International Limited		
Public Limited	2. Tokyo Constructions Limited	-	
Companies	3. Tokyo Exim Limited		
Membership of	CCD C 'W C T I DI		
Committees in another	CSR Committee of Tokyo Plast	_	
Public Limited	International Limited.		
Companies			
Number of Shares held	Nil	Nil	
in the Company	1/11	1/11	

ITEM No. 5 & 6

In the Nomination and Remuneration Committee ("NRC") meeting held on 2nd September, 2024, the NRC has considered the terms of increase in remuneration of Mr. Velji Lakhadhir Shah, Managing Director and Mr. Haresh Velji Shah, Executive Director of the Company.

The Board of Directors, in their meeting held on 2nd September, 2024 has approved the management proposal for the revision of remuneration amount payable to Mr. Velji Lakhadhir Shah, Managing Director Rs.1,00,000/- (Rupees One Lakh only) per month and remuneration to Mr. Haresh Velji Shah, Executive Director Rs. 75,000/- (Seventy Five Thousand) per month subject to approval of Shareholders in General Meeting.

This revision of remuneration will be valid for a term upto three consecutive years from the date of ensuing annual general meeting.

The Board of Directors of the Company recommends the resolution set out at item No. 5 & 6 for approval of the members as Special Resolution.

For and on Behalf of the Board of Directors

Sd/-

Place: Mumbai Date : 2nd September, 2024

Velji Lakhadhir Shah Managing Director DIN: 00007239

Registered office:

Plot No. 363/1(1, 2, 3), Shree Ganesh Industrial Estate, Kachigaum Road, Daman, Daman and Diu-396210

ANNUAL REPORT 2023 - 2024

CIN: L65923DD1994PLC009783

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Shri Velji L. Shah Chairman & Managing Director

Shri Haresh V. Shah

Shri Viraj Devang Vora

Shri Chimanlal A. Kachhi

Smt. Jagruti Mayurbhai Sanghvi

AUDITORS

UBG&Company Chartered Accountants

COMPANY SECRETARY

Swagata Indulkar (Resigned as on 6th May, 2024)

BANKERS

The Federal Bank Ltd.

REGISTERED OFFICE

Plot No.363/1 (1,2,3), Shree Ganesh Industrial Estate Kachigaum Road, Daman - 396210 (U.T.)

REGISTRARANDTRANSFERAGENT

Link Intime India Pvt. Ltd.

(Sharex Dynamic (India) Pvt. Ltd. merged into Link Intime India Pvt. Ltd. w.e.f. 01.09.2020)

C-101, 247 Park, LBS Marg

Vikhroli West

Mumbai-400083

THIRTIETHANNUALGENERALMEETING	CONTENTS		
Date: 30th September, 2024 Time: 12.45 P.M. Venue: Through Video Conferencing and other audio/visual means.	Notice	1 14 23 28 33 47 48 49	

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the Thirtieth Annual General Meeting of the shareholders of Tokyo Finance Limited (CIN-L65923DD1994PLC009783) will be held on Monday, 30th September, 2024 at 12.45 through Video Conferencing (VC) or Other Audio Visual Means (OVAM) to transact the following businesses:

Ordinary Business:

- 1. To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Standalone Financial Statement for the year ended 31st March, 2024 and the Reports of the Board of Directors and Auditors thereon.
- 2. To appoint a Director in place of Mr. Haresh Velji Shah Director, who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment.

Special Business:

3. To approve and regularize the appointment of Mrs. Kinnari Sunny Charla (DIN:10748676) as an Independent Director (Non-Executive) of the Company:

To consider and if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as a Special Resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT Mrs. Kinnari Sunny Charla (DIN: 10748676) who was appointed by the Board as an Additional Director of the Company with effect from 2nd September 2024 and who holds office up to the date of this Annual General Meeting of the Company in terms of Section 161(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") and Article of the Articles of Association of the Company but who is eligible for appointment be and is hereby appointed as Independent Director (Non-Executive) of the Company.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT that pursuant to the provisions of Section 149, 152 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Act, the Companies (Appointment and Qualifications of Directors) Rules, 2014 read with Schedule IV to the Act and Regulation 17 and other applicable regulations of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation 2015 "(SEBI Listing Regulations), as amended from time to time, the appointment of Mrs. Kinnari Sunny Charla (DIN: 10748676) who meets the criteria for inde pendence as provided in Section 149(6) of the Act along with the rules framed thereunder, and the regulation 16(1)(b) of SEBI Listing Regulations and who has submitted a declaration to that effect, and who is eligible for appointment as an Independent Director of the Company, not liable to retire by rotation, for a term of five years commencing 30th September 2024 to 29th September 2029."

4. Revision of remuneration of Mr. Velji Lakhadhir Shah (DIN 00007239) Managing Director:

To consider and if thought fit to pass with or without modification(s) the following resolution as a Special Resolution: -

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 197 read with Schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force), and Article of Association of the Company the consent and subject to approval of members and the Company, be and are hereby increase the remuneration of Managing Director and accorded for payment of Rs.1,00,000/- (Rupees One Lakh only) per month w.e.f. 1st October, 2024 under Section II of Part II of Schedule V, to Mr. Velji Lakhadhir Shah (DIN: 00007239), Managing Director of the Company, this resolution will be valid for a term up to three consecutive years from the date of ensuing annual general meeting

5. Revision of remuneration of Mr. Haresh Velji Shah (DIN 00008339) Executive Director:

To consider and if thought fit to pass with or without modification(s) the following resolution as a Special Resolution: -

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 197 read with Schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force), and Article of Association of the Company the consent and subject to approval of members and the Company, be and are hereby increase the remuneration of Executive Director and accorded for payment of Rs.75,000/- (Rupees Seventy Five Thousand only) per month w.e.f. 1st October, 2024 under Section II of Part II of Schedule V, to Mr. Haresh Velji Shah (DIN: 00008339), Executive Director of the Company, this resolution will be valid for a term upto three consecutive years from the date of ensuing annual general meeting

IMPORTANT NOTES:

- 1. This AGM is being held pursuant to the MCA Circulars through VC/OAVM, physical attendance of Members has been dispensed with. Accordingly, the facility for appointment of proxies by the Members will not be available for the AGM and hence the Proxy Form and Attendance Slip are not annexed to this Notice.
- 2. The Register of members and the share transfer books of the company will remain closed from 24th September, 2024 to 30th September, 2024 (both days inclusive).
- 3. Members are requested to notify the change in address or bank details or to update their e-mail Id. The said information should be submitted to the Company's Registrar and Share Transfer Agent, Link Intime India Pvt Ltd. (Sharex Dynamic (India) Pvt. Ltd. merged into Link Intime India Pvt Ltd w.e.f. 31-08-2020), C- 101, 247 Park, L B S Marg, Vikhroli West, Mumbai 400083. Phone No. 022 49186270. Website: www.linkintime.co.in, email ID: rnt.helpdesk@linkintime.co.in if the shares are held in physical form and to the concerned Depository Participants ('DP'), if the shares are held in electronic form.

- 4. In line with the MCA General Circular dated May 5, 2020, the Notice of the AGM along with the Annual Report 2023-24 is being sent only through electronic mode to those Members whose e-mail addresses are registered with the Company / Depositories. The Notice convening the 30th AGM has been uploaded on the website of the Company at www.tokyofinance.in
 - 1. Members desirous of obtaining any information concerning the accounts of the Company are requested to send their queries to the Company at least seven days before the date of the Meeting. Replies will be provided only at the meeting.
 - 2. Since the AGM will be held through VC/OAVM, the Route Map is not annexed in this Notice.
- 1. Voting through electronic means:

In compliance with Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 20 of The Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 as substituted by The Companies (Management and Administration) Amendment Rules, 2015 & Regulation 44 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosures Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the Company is offering remote e-voting facility to the members to enable them to cast their votes electronically from a place other than the venue of the AGM ('remote e-voting') provided by Central Depository Services Limited ('CDSL').

Members who have cast their vote by remote e-voting prior to the meeting may also attend the meeting but shall not be entitled to cast their vote again.

CDSL e-Voting System – For e-voting and Joining Virtual meetings.

- 1. As you are aware, in view of the situation arising due to COVID-19 global pandemic, the general meetings of the companies shall be conducted as per the guidelines issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) vide Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 8, 2020, Circular No.17/2020 dated April 13, 2020 and Circular No. 20/2020 dated May 05, 2020, General Circular No. 10/2022, General Circular No. 11/2022, dated December 28, 2022 and General Circular No. 09/2023. The forthcoming AGM / EGM will thus be held through video conferencing (VC) or other audio visual means (OAVM). Hence, Members can attend and participate in the ensuing AGM/EGM through VC/OAVM.
- 2. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 (as amended) and Regulation 44 of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015 (as amended), and MCA Circulars dated April 08, 2020, April 13, 2020 and May 05, 2020 the Company is providing facility of remote e-voting to its Members in respect of the business to be transacted at the AGM/EGM. For this purpose, the Company has entered into an agreement with Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) for facilitating voting through electronic means, as the authorized e-Voting's agency. The facility of casting votes by a member using remote e-voting as well as the e-voting system on the date of the EGM/AGM will be provided by CDSL.

- 3. The Members can join the EGM/AGM in the VC/OAVM mode 15 minutes before and after the scheduled time of the commencement of the Meeting by following the procedure mentioned in the Notice. The facility of participation at the EGM/AGM through VC/OAVM will be made available to at least 1000 members on first come first served basis. This will not include large Shareholders (Shareholders holding 2% or more shareholding), Promoters, Institutional Investors, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, the Chairpersons of the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee, Auditors etc. who are allowed to attend the EGM/AGM without restriction on account of first come first served basis.
- 4. The attendance of the Members attending the AGM/EGM through VC/OAVM will be counted for the purpose of ascertaining the quorum under Section 103 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- 5. Pursuant to MCA Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 08, 2020, the facility to appoint proxy to attend and cast vote for the members is not available for this AGM/EGM. However, in pursuance of Section 112 and Section 113 of the Companies Act, 2013, representatives of the members such as the President of India or the Governor of a State or body corporate can attend the AGM/EGM through VC/OAVM and cast their votes through e-voting.
- 6. In line with the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) Circular No. 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020, the Notice calling the AGM/EGM has been uploaded on the website of the Company at www.tokyofinance.in The Notice can also be accessed from the websites of the Stock Exchanges i.e. BSE Limited at www.bseindia.com. The AGM/EGM Notice is also disseminated on the website of CDSL (agency for providing the Remote e-Voting facility and e-voting system during the AGM/EGM) i.e. www.evotingindia.com.
- 7. The AGM/EGM has been convened through VC/OAVM in compliance with applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 read with MCA Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 8, 2020 and MCA Circular No. 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020 and MCA Circular No. 20/2020 dated May 05, 2020.
- 8. In continuation of this Ministry's General Circular No. 20/2020, dated 05.05.2020, General Circular No.10/2022, General Circular No.11/2022, dated 28.12.2022 and General Circular No. 09/2023 after due examination, it has been decided to allow companies whose AGMs were due to be held in the year due for the year 2024, through video conference (VC) or other audio-visual means (OAVM) mode till September 30, 2024.

THE INTRUCTIONS OF SHAREHOLDERS FOR E-VOTING AND JOINING VIRTUAL MEETINGS ARE AS UNDER:

- **Step 1:** Access through Depositories CDSL/NSDL e-Voting system in case of individual shareholders holding shares in demat mode.
- **Step 2:** Access through CDSL e-Voting system in case of shareholders holding shares in physical mode and non-individual shareholders in demat mode.
- i. The voting period begins on 27th September, 2024 at 09:00 AM and ends on 29th September, 2024 at 05:00 PM. During this period shareholders' of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on the cut-off date (record date) of 23rd September, 2024 may cast their vote electronically. The e-voting module shall be disabled by CDSL for voting thereafter.
- ii. Shareholders who have already voted prior to the meeting date would not be entitled to vote at the meeting venue.
- iii. Pursuant to SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/CIR/P/2020/242 dated 09.12.2020, under Regulation 44 of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, listed entities are required to provide remote e-voting facility to its shareholders, in respect of all shareholders' resolutions. However, it has been observed that the participation by the public non-institutional shareholders / retail shareholders is at a negligible level.

Currently, there are multiple e-voting service providers (ESPs) providing e-voting facility to listed entities in India. This necessitates registration on various ESPs and maintenance of mul tiple user IDs and passwords by the shareholders.

In order to increase the efficiency of the voting process, pursuant to a public consultation, it has been decided to enable e-voting to all the demat account holders, by way of a single login credential, through their demat accounts/ websites of Depositories/ Depository Participants. Demat account holders would be able to cast their vote without having to register again with the ESPs, thereby, not only facilitating seamless authentication but also enhancing ease and convenience of participating in e-voting process.

Step 1 : Access through Depositories CDSL/NSDL e-Voting system in case of individual shareholders holding shares in demat mode.

iv. In terms of SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/CIR/P/2020/242 dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are advised to update their mobile number and email Id in their demat accounts in order to access e-Voting facility.

Pursuant to above said SEBI Circular, Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meetings for Individual shareholders holding securities in Demat mode CDSL/NSDL is given below:

Type of share holders	Login I	Method	
	1)	Users who have opted for CDSL Easi / Easiest facility, can login through their existing user id and password. Option will be made available to reach e-Voting page without any further authentication. The users to login to Easi / Easiest are requested to visit cdsl website www.cdslindia.com and click on login icon & New System Myeasi Tab.	
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with CDSL	2)	After successful login the Easi / Easiest user will be able to see the e-Voting option for eligible companies where the evoting is in progress as per the information provided by company. On clicking the evoting option, the user will be able to see e-Voting page of the e-Voting service provider for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting. Additionally, there is also links provided to access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers, so that the user can visit the e-Voting service providers' website directly.	
Depository	3)	If the user is not registered for Easi/Easiest, option to register is available at cdsl website www.cdslindia.com and click on login & New System Myeasi Tab and then click on registration option.	
	4)	Alternatively, the user can directly access e-Voting page by providing Demat Account Number and PAN No. from an e-Voting link available on www.cdslindia.com home page. The system will authenticate the user by sending OTP on registered Mobile & Email as recorded in the Demat Account. After successful authentication, user will be able to see the e-Voting option where the evoting is in progress and also able to directly access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers.	

Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL Depository	If you are already registered for NSDL IDeAS facility, please visit the e-Services website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://eservices.nsdl.com either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Services is launched, click on the "Beneficial Owner" icon under "Login" which is available under 'IDeAS' section. A new screer will open. You will have to enter your User ID and Password After successful authentication, you will be able to see e-Voting services. Click on "Access to e-Voting" under e-Voting services and you will be able to see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be redirected to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting. 2) If the user is not registered for IDeAS e-Services, option to register is available at https://eservices.nsdl.com. Select "Register Online for IDeAS "Portal or click at https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg.jsp 3) Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/ either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon "Login" which is available under 'Shareholder/Member' section. A new screer will open. You will have to enter your User ID (i.e. your sixteer digit demat account number hold with NSDL), Password/OTF and a Verification Code as shown on the screen. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-Voting page. Click or company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will
	be redirected to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtua meeting & voting during the meeting.
Individual Shareholders (holding securities in demat mode) login through their Depository Participants (DP)	You can also login using the login credentials of your demaraceount through your Depository Participant registered with NSDL/CDSL for e-Voting facility. After Successful login, you will be able to see e-Voting option. Once you click on e-Voting option, you will be redirected to NSDL/CDSL Depository site after successful authentication, wherein you can see e-Voting feature. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be redirected to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period

Important Note: Members who are unable to retrieve User ID/ Password are advised to use Forget User ID and Forget Password option available at abovementioned website.

Helpdesk for Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode for any technical issues related to login through Depository i.e. CDSL and NSDL

Login type	Helpdesk details		
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with CDSL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact CDSL helpdesk by sending a request at helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact at toll free no. 1800 21 09911		
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with NSDL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact NSDL helpdesk by sending a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in or call at : 022 - 4886 7000 and 022 - 2499 7000		

Step 2: Access through CDSL e-Voting system in case of shareholders holding shares in physical mode and non-individual shareholders in demat mode.

- v. Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meetings for Physical shareholders and shareholders other than individual holding in Demat form.
 - 1) The shareholders should log on to the e-voting website www.evotingindia.com.
 - 2) Click on "Shareholders" module.
 - 3) Now enter your User ID
 - a. For CDSL: 16 digits beneficiary ID,
 - b. For NSDL: 8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digits Client ID,
 - c. Shareholders holding shares in Physical Form should enter Folio Number registered with the Company.
 - 4) Next enter the Image Verification as displayed and Click on Login.
 - 5) If you are holding shares in demat form and had logged on to www.evotingindia.com and voted on an earlier e-voting of any company, then your existing password is to be used.
 - 6) If you are a first-time user follow the steps given below:

For Physical shareholders and other than individual shareholders holding shares in Demat.			
	Enter your 10 digit alpha-numeric *PAN issued by Income Tax Department (Applicable for both demat shareholders as well as physical shareholders)		
PAN	Shareholders who have not updated their PAN with the Company/Depository Participant are requested to use the sequence number sent by Company/RTA or contact Company/RTA.		
Dividend Bank Details OR	Enter the Dividend Bank Details or Date of Birth (in dd/mm/yyyy format) as recorded in your demat account or in the company records in order to login.		
Date of Birth (DOB)	If both the details are not recorded with the depository or company, please enter the member id / folio number in the Dividend Bank details field.		

- vi. After entering these details appropriately, click on "SUBMIT" tab.
- vii. Shareholders holding shares in physical form will then directly reach the Company selection screen. However, shareholders holding shares in demat form will now reach 'Password Creation' menu wherein they are required to mandatorily enter their login password in the new password field. Kindly note that this password is to be also used by the demat holders for voting for resolutions of any other company on which they are eligible to vote, provided that company opts for e-voting through CDSL platform. It is strongly recommended not to share your pass word with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential.
- viii. For shareholders holding shares in physical form, the details can be used only for e-voting on the resolutions contained in this Notice.
- ix. Click on the EVSN for the relevant <Company Name> on which you choose to vote.
- x. On the voting page, you will see "RESOLUTION DESCRIPTION" and against the same the option "YES/NO" for voting. Select the option YES or NO as desired. The option YES implies that you assent to the Resolution and option NO implies that you dissent to the Resolution.
- xi. Click on the "RESOLUTIONS FILE LINK" if you wish to view the entire Resolution details.
- xii. After selecting the resolution, you have decided to vote on, click on "SUBMIT". A confirmation box will be displayed. If you wish to confirm your vote, click on "OK", else to change your vote, click on "CANCEL" and accordingly modify your vote.
- xiii. Once you "CONFIRM" your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.
- xiv. You can also take a print of the votes cast by clicking on "Click here to print" option on the Voting page.
- xv. If a demat account holder has forgotten the login password then Enter the User ID and the image verification code and click on Forgot Password & enter the details as prompted by the system.
- xvi. There is also an optional provision to upload BR/POA if any uploaded, which will be made available to scrutinizer for verification.
- xvii. Additional Facility for Non Individual Shareholders and Custodians –For Remote Voting only.
 - * Non Individual shareholders (i.e. other than Individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) and Custodi ans are required to log on to www.evotingindia.com and register themselves in the "Corporates" module.
 - * A scanned copy of the Registration Form bearing the stamp and sign of the entity should be emailed to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com.
 - * After receiving the login details a Compliance User should be created using the admin login and password. The Compliance User would be able to link the account(s) for which they wish to vote on.

- * The list of accounts linked in the login will be mapped automatically & can be delink in case of any wrong mapping.
- * It is Mandatory that, a scanned copy of the Board Resolution and Power of Attorney (POA) which they have issued in favour of the Custodian, if any, should be uploaded in PDF format in the system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.
- * Alternatively Non Individual shareholders are required mandatory to send the relevant Board Resolution/ Authority letter etc. together with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory who are authorized to vote, to the Scrutinizer and to the Company at the email address viz; info.tokyofinance@gmail.com, if they have voted from individual tab & not uploaded same in the CDSL e-voting system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR SHAREHOLDERS ATTENDING THE AGM/EGM THROUGH VC/OAVM & E-VOTING DURING MEETING ARE AS UNDER:

- 1. The procedure for attending meeting & e-Voting on the day of the AGM/ EGM is same as the instructions mentioned above for e-voting.
- 2. The link for VC/OAVM to attend meeting will be available where the EVSN of Company will be displayed after successful login as per the instructions mentioned above for e-voting.
- 3. Shareholders who have voted through Remote e-Voting will be eligible to attend the meeting. However, they will not be eligible to vote at the AGM/EGM.
- 4. Shareholders are encouraged to join the Meeting through Laptops / IPads for better experience.
- 5. Further shareholders will be required to allow Camera and use Internet with a good speed to avoid any disturbance during the meeting.
- 6. Please note that Participants Connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptop connecting via Mobile Hotspot may experience Audio/Video loss due to Fluctuation in their respective network. It is therefore recommended to use Stable Wi-Fi or LAN Connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.
- 7. Shareholders who would like to express their views/ask questions during the meeting may register themselves as a speaker by sending their request in advance at least 7 days prior to meeting mentioning their name, demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at info.tokyofinance@gmail.com The shareholders who do not wish to speak during the AGM but have queries may send their queries in advance 7 days prior to meeting mentioning their name, demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at info.tokyofinance@gmail.com These queries will be replied to by the company suitably by email.

- 8. Those shareholders who have registered themselves as a speaker will only be allowed to express their views/ask questions during the meeting.
- 9. Only those shareholders, who are present in the AGM/EGM through VC/OAVM facility and have not casted their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-Voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-Voting system available during the EGM/AGM.
- 10. If any Votes are cast by the shareholders through the e-voting available during the EGM/AGM and if the same shareholders have not participated in the meeting through VC/OAVM facility, then the votes cast by such shareholders may be considered invalid as the facility of e-voting during the meeting is available only to the shareholders attending the meeting.

PROCESS FOR THOSE SHAREHOLDERS WHOSE EMAIL/MOBILE NO. ARE NOT REGISTERED WITH THE COMPANY/DEPOSITORIES.

- 1. For Physical shareholders please provide necessary details like Folio No., Name of shareholder, scanned copy of the share certificate (front and back), PAN (self-attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self-attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) by email to info.tokyofinance@gmail.com/rnt.helpdesk@linkintime.co.in
- 2. For Demat shareholders please update your email id & mobile no. with your respective Depository Participant (DP)
- 3. For Individual Demat shareholders Please update your email id & mobile no. with your respective Depository Participant (DP) which is mandatory while e-Voting & joining virtual meetings through Depository.

If you have any queries or issues regarding attending AGM & e-Voting from the CDSL e-Voting System, you can write an email to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact at toll free no. 1800 21 09911.

All grievances connected with the facility for voting by electronic means may be addressed to Mr.Rakesh Dalvi, Sr.Manager, (CDSL,) Central Depository Services (India) Limited, A Wing, 25th Floor, Marathon Futurex, Mafatlal Mill Compounds, N M Joshi Marg, Lower Parel (East), Mumbai-400013 or send an email to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or call toll free no.1800 21 09911.

ANNEXURE TO THE NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

EXPLANATORY STATEMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 102 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

This Statement sets out all material facts relating to the Business mentioned in the accompanying Notice:

Item No.3

Regularization of Mrs. Kinnari Sunny Charla (DIN: 10748676) as an Independent Director (Non-Executive) of the Company pursuant to Section 161 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Board, on September 02, 2024, appointed Mrs. Kinnari Sunny Charla as an Additional Director in the capacity of Independent Director of the Company till the conclusion of ensuing Annual general Meeting.

The Nomination & Remuneration Committee considered, approved and recommended to the Board and/or Shareholders (Members) the appointment of Mrs. Kinnari Sunny Charla and her appointment is regularized for a term of 5 (Five) years with effect from September 30th, 2024 till the September 29th, 2029 (both days inclusive) subject to the approval of the shareholders through a special resolution.

Except Mrs. Kinnari Sunny Charla, being the appointee, or her relatives, none of the Directors and Key Managerial Personnel of the Company or their relatives are concerned or interested financially or otherwise, in the resolution set out at Item No.3. The Board of Directors recommends the resolution in relation to appointment of Mrs. Kinnari Sunny Charla as an Independent Director of the Company, as set out in Item No. 3 for approval of the members by way of a Special Resolution.

DETAILS OF DIRECTORS SEEKING APPOINTMENT/RE-APPOINTMENT AT THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING IN ITEM NO 2 AND 3

In Pursuance to SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Rule, 2015

Particulars	Mr.Haresh Velji Shah	Mrs. Kinnari Sunny Charla	
Date of Birth	16.08.1974	20.05.1988	
Date of Appointment	01.07.1996	02.09.2024	
Qualifications	Graduate	Law Graduate	
Expertise in specific functional areas	-	Law	
Directorship in other	Tokyo Plast International Limited		
Public Limited	2. Tokyo Constructions Limited	-	
Companies	3. Tokyo Exim Limited		
Membership of	CCD C 'W C T I DI		
Committees in another	CSR Committee of Tokyo Plast	_	
Public Limited	International Limited.		
Companies			
Number of Shares held	Nil	Nil	
in the Company	1/11	1/11	

ITEM No. 5 & 6

In the Nomination and Remuneration Committee ("NRC") meeting held on 2nd September, 2024, the NRC has considered the terms of increase in remuneration of Mr. Velji Lakhadhir Shah, Managing Director and Mr. Haresh Velji Shah, Executive Director of the Company.

The Board of Directors, in their meeting held on 2nd September, 2024 has approved the management proposal for the revision of remuneration amount payable to Mr. Velji Lakhadhir Shah, Managing Director Rs.1,00,000/- (Rupees One Lakh only) per month and remuneration to Mr. Haresh Velji Shah, Executive Director Rs. 75,000/- (Seventy Five Thousand) per month subject to approval of Shareholders in General Meeting.

This revision of remuneration will be valid for a term upto three consecutive years from the date of ensuing annual general meeting.

The Board of Directors of the Company recommends the resolution set out at item No. 5 & 6 for approval of the members as Special Resolution.

For and on Behalf of the Board of Directors

Sd/-

Place: Mumbai Date : 2nd September, 2024

Velji Lakhadhir Shah Managing Director DIN: 00007239

Registered office:

Plot No. 363/1(1, 2, 3), Shree Ganesh Industrial Estate, Kachigaum Road, Daman, Daman and Diu-396210

BOARD REPORT

To, The members, Tokyo Finance Limited

Your Directors have pleasure to present their Twenty Ninth Annual Report on the business and operations of the Company along with the Audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended on 31st March, 2024.

Financial Results

The Company's financial performances for the year under review along with previous year's figures are given hereunder:

(Rs In Lakhs)

Particulars	2023-24	2022-23
Revenue from operations	77.96	69.84
Profit for the year before Tax	113.08	14.64
Tax expenses	4.32	2.28
Net Profit after Tax	108.76	12.36
Surplus carried over to Balance Sheet	110.44	13.43

Review of Operations

The Company recorded a gross turnover of Rs.77.96 lakhs, increased from Rs.69.84 lakhs of the previous Financial Year. The Company has stood at net profit of Rs. 108.76 lakhs against of net profit of Rs. 12.36 lakhs of previous year.

Deposits

Your Company has not accepted deposits within the meaning of Section 73 and 76 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014.

Dividend

The Board of Directors thought it prudent not to recommend any Dividend for the financial year ended 31 March, 2024. Dividend Distribustion policy is available on companies website www.tokyofinance.in

Material changes and commitments, if any, affect ting the financial position of the Company which have occurred between the end of the Financial Year of the Company to which the Financial Statements relate and the date of the Report

There are no material changes affecting the financial position of the company which have occurred between the end of the financial year of the company to which the financial statements relate and the date of the report.

Details of application made or proceeding pending under Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code 2016

During the year under review, there were no applications made or proceeding pending under Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016.

<u>Details of difference between valuation amount on one time settlement and valuation while availing loan from banks and financial institutions.</u>

During the year under review, there has been no one time settlement of Loans taken from Banks and Financial Institutions.

Significant and material orders passed by the regulators or courts or tribunals impacting the going concern status and company's operations in future

There are no significant and material orders passed by the regulators or courts or tribunals impacting the going concern status and Company's operations in future.

Auditors and Auditors' Report

A. Statutory Auditors

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 139 of the Act read with Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended from time to time, M/s. U B G & Co., Chartered Accountant, (Firm Registration No. 141076W), were appointed as statutory auditors from 1st September, 2022 and then regularized his appointment in the Twenty-Eighth AGM till the conclusion of Thirty Third Annual general Meeting for the period of 5 years, subject to the ratification of their appointment at every AGM, if required under law.

In accordance with the Companies Amendment Act, 2017, enforced on 7th May, 2018 by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, the appointment of Statutory Auditors is not required to be ratified at every Annual General Meeting.

B. Secretarial Auditor

The Board has appointed Mr. Virendra Bhatt, Practicing Company Secretary, (M. No.: 1157) as Secretarial Auditor according to the provision of section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 for Financial year 2024-25.

The Secretarial Audit Report for the financial year 2023-24 is attached herewith as Annexure –1 signed by Mr. Virendra Bhatt.

The Secretarial Audit Report for the financial year ended 31st March, 2024 contains certain Oualifications

Clarification provided by the board—It was inadvertently escaped the compliance. The Company will take a note of the same in the future and the management of the Company assure you to comply all the provisions of the applicable law in true spirit in future and is under process of making all the default good.

C. Internal Auditor

Pursuant to Section 138 of the Companies Act 2013, every Listed Company is required to appoint an Internal Auditor or a firm of Internal Auditors. In line with this requirement, the Board of Directors has appointed Mr. Rahul Chincholkar Partner of R. C. K. & Co. Cost Accountants FRN:002587 as Internal Auditor of the Company for the financial year 2024-25

He has submitted Internal Audit Report for the financial year 2023-24 to the Board. No major audit observations were observed during the Internal Audit.

Extract of the Annual Return

The Companies (Amendment) Act, 2017 ("Amendment Act, 2017"), which was published in the Official Gazette on 03.01.2018, Form MGT-9 omitted from Annual Return and draft MGT-7 has been placed on website of the Company: www.tokyofinance.in

Conservation of energy, technology absorption and foreign exchange earnings and outgo

Company is not in any activities which entail the energy and technology consumption and there was no Foreign Exchange earnings and outgo in the company during the financial year.

Directors

A. Changes in Directors and Key Managerial Personnel

- 1) Mr. Haresh Velji Shah, Director of the Company, retires by rotation at the ensuing Annual General Meeting and being eligible, has offered himself for re-appointment.
- The term of Mr. Chinamlal Andarjibhai Kutchhi Independent Director (Non-Executive) will be expired on 30th September, 2024 as per Section 149(10) & (11) and Regulation 25 (2) of SEBI (LODR) Regulation, 2015. Mrs. Kinnari Sunny Charla will be appointed as Independent Director as on 30th September, 2024 subject to approval of Shareholders in ensuing AGM.
- 3) Company Secretary Mrs. Swagata Indulkar has resigned from the position of Company Secretary as on 6th May 2024.

B. Declaration by an Independent Director(s) and re- appointment

All Independent Directors of the Company have given declarations that they meet the criteria of independence as laid down under Section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regula tion 25 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The terms & conditions for the appointment of Independent Directors are available on the website of the Company www.tokyofinance.in

C. Formal Annual Evaluation

Schedule IV to the Companies Act, 2013, mandates that the Board shall monitor and review the Board evaluation framework. The Companies Act, 2013 states that a formal annual evaluation needs to be made by the Board of its own performance and that of its committees and individual directors. Schedule IV of the Companies Act, 2013, states that the performance evaluation of independent directors shall be done by the entire Board of Directors, excluding the director being evaluated. The Board has carried out an annual performance evaluation of its own performance, that of its Committees and the Directors individually. Mr. Chimanlal Andarjibhai Kutchhi, Independent director (Non-executive director) has completed his two terms and cannot re-appointed and Mrs. Kinnari Sunny Charla was appointed as an additional director as on 2nd September, 2024 and will be regularized as Independent director (Non-executive director) from 30th September, 2024 subject to approval of members.

D. Criteria for performance evaluation of Independent Directors and the Board

- a. The Committee shall identify and ascertain the integrity, qualification, expertise and experience of the person for appointment as Director, KMP or at Senior Management level and recommend his / her appointment, as per Company's Policy.
- b. A person should possess adequate qualification, expertise and experience for the position he/she is considered for appointment. The Committee has authority to decide whether qualification, expertise and experience possessed by a person are satisfac tory for the position.
- c. The Company shall not appoint or continue the employment of any person as Wholetime Director—who has attained the age of seventy years. Provided that the term of the person holding this position may be extended beyond the age of seventy years with the approval of shareholders by passing a special resolution.

E. Directors Responsibility Statement

Pursuant to Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013, Directors of your Company hereby state and confirm that:

- a) In the preparation of the annual accounts for the year ended 31st March, 2024, the applicable accounting standards have been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;
- b) They have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company at the end of the financial year and of the profit of the company for the same period;
- c) the directors have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 for safeguarding the assets of the company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- d) They have prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis;
- e) They have laid down internal financial controls in the company that are adequate and were operating effectively.
- f) They have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and these are adequate and are operating effectively.

F. BUSINESS OUTLOOK

The robust economic growth, which the RBI Governor predicts will push India's growth rate to 7.2 percent in the current financial year, is expected to fuel strong credit demand and support the NBFC sector's profitability. This growth, coupled with current regulatory measures, will help mitigate the risk of rising credit costs on profitability.

NBFCs have demonstrated strong financial health, similar to the banking sector. As of the end of March 2024, the gross non-performing assets (GNPAs) of both scheduled commercial banks (SCBs) and NBFCs were below 3 per cent of total advances. Provisional data shows that the GNPA ratio for NBFCs stood at 2.5 per cent at the end of March 2024.

Meetings

A. Board Meeting

During the year Board of Directors met 6 times to discuss various matters, presence of each director and there directorship and membership in other public company is provided below. During the year 4 audit committee meeting were convened and held.

Name of Directors	Category	Attendance at		No. of	No. of Committee	
		Board	Last	Directorship	positions	s held in
		Meeting	AGM	s in other	other ?	Public
		S	(27th	Public	Comap	anies ⁽²⁾
			Septembe	Companies ⁽¹⁾	As	As
			r, 2023)		Chairman	Member
Mr. Velji L.Shah	Executive,					
Chairman & Managing	Non-	6	No	3		
Director	Independent		110	3		
DIN: 00007239	•					
Mr. Haresh V. Shah	Executive,			_		_
DIN: 00008339	Non-	6	Yes	3		1
N	Independent					
Mr. Viraj Vora	Non-Executive,	6	No	1	2	2
DIN: 08448823	Independent					
Mr. Chimanlal Andarji	Non-Executive,	6	No	1	2	2
Kachhi	Independent					
(whose term of office is						
expiring on 30th September						
2024 and Mrs. Kinnari						
Charla will be appointed as						
Independent Director from						
30th September 2024 in his						
place)						
Ms Jagruti Mayurbhai	Non-Executive,					
Sanghavi	ŕ	4	No	1		4
DIN: 07144651	Independent					

⁽¹⁾ Excludes directorships in Private Limited Companies, Foreign Companies and Section 8 Companies.

The draft of the minutes prepared by the Company is circulated among the Directors for their comment/ suggestion and finally after incorporating their views, final minutes are recorded in the minute's books. Post meeting, important decisions taken are communicated to the con cerned officials and departments for the effective implementation of the same.

⁽²⁾ This includes only Chairmanships/Memberships of the Audit Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee of all listed and unlisted public limited companies as per Regulation 26 of the SEBI Listing Regulations.

B. Independent Directors' Meeting

As per the requirement of Schedule IV to the Companies Act, 2013, the Independent Directors of the Company met on 15th June, 2023, inter alia to:

- a. Review the performance of the non-Independent Directors and the Board of Directors as a whole;
- b. Review the performance of the Chairperson of the Company; taking into account the views of the Executive Directors.
- c. Assess the quality, quantity and timeliness of flow of information between the Company management and the Board that is necessary for the Board to effectively and reasonably perform their duties.

Committees of Board

Board has three committees to attend various matters provided by the law i.e. Audit Committee Nomination & Remuneration Committee & Stakeholder Relationship Committee. Except Stakeholder Relationship Committee other committees consists entirely of independent directors.

Name of the committee	Composition of The committee		Highlights of duties, respons Activities
Audit committee	Mr.Viraj Devang Vora, Chairperson Mr.Chimanlal Andarji Kachhi (whose term of office is expiring on 30th September 2024 and Mrs. Kinnari Charla will be appointed as Independent Director from 30th September 2024 in his place) Mrs. Jagruti Mayurbhai Sanghavi	•	All recommendations may committee during the year variations. The Company has adopted mechanism for directors and concerns about unethical suspected fraud, or violation Code of Conduct and Ethics the requirements of the SEBI and Disclosures Requirer 2015, the Company has for related party transactions. The Whistleblower Policy, a website, www.tokyofinance.
Nomination & Remuneration committee	Mr. Viraj Devang Vora, Chairperson Mr. Chimanlal Andarji Kachhi (whose term of office is expiring on 30th September 2024 and Mrs. Kinnari Charla will be appointed as Independent Director from 30th September 2024 in his place) Mrs. Jagruti Mayurbhai Sanghavi	•	The committee overseas executive compensation, written policy adopted by ou The committee has designareviews the nomination and for our Directors and senior both short-term and long-terbusiness objectives and to lift the achievement of meas goals. The nomination and reavailable on our website at w
Stakeholders Relationship committee	Mr. Chimanlal Andarji Kachhi, Chairperson (whose term of office is expiring on 30th September 2024 and Mrs. Kinnari Charla will be appointed as Independent Director from 30th September 2024 in his place) Mr. Viraj Devang Vora Mr. Haresh V. Shah	•	The committee reviews and investor grievances.

Vigil Mechanism

Your Company has a well-defined "Whistle Blower Policy" and has established Vigil Mechanism to provide for adequate safeguards against victimization and has also made provisions for direct access to the Chairman of Audit Committee in appropriate cases. The Vigil Mechanism Policy has been uploaded on the website of the Company at www.tokyofinance.in

Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace

The Company has adopted policy on prevention of sexual harassment in line with the requirements of the Sexual Harassment of Women at the work place (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013. Internal Complaints Committee has been set up to redress complaints. The Company has not received any complaint under this policy during the year 2023-24.

Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)

Your company does not fall under the purview of Corporate Social Responsibility during the period under review, but your Company is keen to help the society whenever required.

Related Party Transactions (RPT's)

All Related Party Transactions (RPTs) entered by the Company during the year under review, were on arms' length basis and in the ordinary course of business and did not attract provisions of section 188 of the Act. During the FY 2023-24, as required under section 177 of the Act, all RPTs were approved by the Audit Committee and the Company has not entered into any transactions with Related Parties which are not in its ordinary course of business or not on an arm's length basis and which require disclosure in this Report in terms of the provisions of Section 188(1) of the Act. A statement on "Related Party Disclosures" showing the disclosure of transactions with related parties as required under Indian Accounting Standard 24 (Ind AS 24) issued by Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting standards) Rules, 2015, are given in the Notes to the Financial Statement.

Particulars of Loans, Guarantees or Investments

Pursuant to Section 186(11) of the Companies Act, 2013, the provisions of Section 186(4) of the Companies Act, 2013 requiring disclosure in the financial statements of the full particulars of the loans given, investment made or guarantee given or security provided and the purpose for which the loan or guarantee or security is proposed to be utilized by the recipient of the loan or guarantee or security is not applicable to a non-banking financial company registered under Chapter III of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and whose principal business is acquisition of securities.

Listing with Stock Exchange

Company is listed with Bombay Stock Exchange Ltd. Stock Code of the company is 531644 and ISIN Number for NSDL/CDSL (Dematerialized shares) is INE546D01018. Company confirms that it has paid the Annual Listing Fees for the year 2023-24.

Dematerialization of Shares

87.23% of the company's paid up Equity Share Capital is in dematerialized form as on 31st March, 2024. The Company's Registrar is Link Intime India Pvt. Ltd., situated at C-101, 247 Park, L.B.S. Marg, Vikhroli (West), Mumbai - 400083. Phone No. 28515644/28515606. Website: www.linkintime.co.in, email ID: rnt.helpdesk@linkintime.co.in

Particular of Employees

Disclosure of Remuneration under Section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 Read With Rule 5(1) Of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014

A. The information required pursuant to Section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rules made there under, as amended from time to time

The median remuneration of employees was Rs.2,82,750/- in financial year 2023-24. There were changes -2.27% to -2.70% in MRE in financial year 2023-24.

Number of permanent employees on the rolls of Company was 7 employees as on 31.03.2024

There was no change in aggregate remuneration of the non-managerial employees as well as remuneration to any of Whole Time Director or Managing Director during the year 2023-24.

B. Information as per Rule 5 (2) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Amendment Rules, 2016:

Swagata Indulkar, Kalpana Ghate, Amay Subhash Kochar, Bhavya Bipin Furia, Nisha Chetan Shah, Sakharam D Khade

No employees during the financial year were covered under the provisions of Rule 5(2) (i), (ii) & (iii) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Amendment Rules, 2016.

REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

A). Remuneration to Managing Director, Whole-time Directors and/or Manager

(Rs. In Lacs)

Particulars of Remuneration	Name of	Total Amount
	MD/WTD/	
	Manager	
	Velji L. Shah	
Gross salary	6.00	6.00
Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income-tax Act,		
1961 Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) Income-tax Act, 1961 Profits in lieu of		
salary under section 17(3) Income-tax Act, 1961		
Stock Option		
Sweat Equity		
Commission -as % of profit - others, specify		
Others, please specify		
Total (A)	6.00	6.00

B) Remuneration to other Directors: None

C). Remuneration To Key Managerial Personnel Other Than MD/Manager/WTD:

(Rs. In Lacs)

Particulars of Remuneration	Key Managerial Personnel Ms. Swagata Indulkar	Total Amount
Gross salary		
Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income-tax		
Act, 1961 Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) Income-tax Act, 1961 Profits		
in lieu of salary under section 17(3) Income-tax Act, 1961	5.60	5.60
Stock Option		
Sweat Equity		
Commission -as % of profit - others, specify		
Others, please specify		
Total (A)	5.60	5.60

(Amt in Lacs)

Name of Directors/KMP	Remuneration for	Remuneration for	%Increase in	Ration of
& Designation	F.Y. 2022-23	F.Y. 2021-22	Remuneration in	Remuneration to
			F.Y. 2020-21	median remuneration
				of employees
Mr.Velji L. Shah				
(Chairman & MD)	6.00	6.00	-	2.56
Kalpana Khade				
Ms. Swagata Indulkar				
(CS)	5.60	5.60	-	0.85

Business Risk Management

The main identified risks at the Company are commercial risks, legal & regulatory risk. Your Company has established a comprehensive risk management policy to ensure that risk to the Company's continued existence as a going concern and to its development are identified and addressed on timely basis. Risk management strategy as approved by the board of directors is implemented by the company management.

Acknowledgement

Your Directors would like to express their sincere appreciation for the assistance and co-operation received from the financial institutions, banks, Government authorities, and members during the year under review. Your Directors also wish to place on record their deep sense of appreciation for the committed services by the Company's executives, staff and workers. Your Directors are thankful to the shareholders for their continued support and confidence.

For and on Behalf of the Board of Directors

Sd/-

Velji L. Shah

Chairman & Managing Director

DIN: 00007239

Place : Mumbai Date : 2nd September, 2024

Form No.: MR-3

SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2024

[Pursuant to Section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule No.: 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To, The Members, Tokyo Finance Limited

I have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by Tokyo Finance Limited having CIN-L65923DD1994PLC009783 (hereinafter called "the Company"). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provides me a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts / statutory compliances and expressing my opinion thereon.

Based on my verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, I hereby report that in my opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on 31st March, 2024.

- * Complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and
- * Proper Board-processes and compliance mechanism in place;

to the extent, in manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter.

I have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on 31st March, 2024 according to the provisions of:

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") and the rules made thereunder;
- (ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ("SCRA") and the rules made thereunder;
- (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
- (iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent to Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings;

- (v) The Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ("the SEBI Act") viz:-
 - (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
 - (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
 - (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation, 2015;

Though the following laws are prescribed in the format of the Secretarial Audit Report by the Government, the same were not applicable to the Company for the financial year ended 31st March, 2024:-

- (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018;
- (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021;
- (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021;
- (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client;
- (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2021;
- (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018;
- (vi) The Management has identified and confirmed that the other laws as specifically applicable to the Company and it has proper system to comply with the provisions of the respective Acts, Rules and Regulations;

I have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following and I am of the opinion that the Company has prima facie complied with applicable provisions:

- (a) Secretarial Standards 1 and 2 issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India.
- (b) The Listing Agreement entered into by the Company with the Stock Exchange read with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

During the period under review, the Company has prima facie complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. as mentioned above subject to the following observations:

- (i) The Company has delayed in filing the Outcome of the Board M eeting held on 20th July, 2023 for the quarter ended 30th June, 2023 under Regulation 30 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements)Regulations, 2015 on both BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange Limited.
- (ii) The Company has violated the Regulation 47 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 by not intimating the publication of the Financial Results during the year on both BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange Limited.
- (iii) As per the Regulation 3(5) & 3(6) SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015, Initially the Company has shared server with its group Companies but later as informed by the Compliance Officer the same has been rectified and the Company has installed different server for each Company.
 - I am of the opinion that as on 31st March, 2024 the listed entity is in prima facie compliance with Regulation 3(5) & 3(6) SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015.
 - As informed by the Compliance Officer, the Company has not captured the sharing of UPSI with the Statutory Auditors, Company Secretary and Directors in the database and also the time when UPSI become publicly available is missing till June 2023.
- (iv) The Company's listed capital on the stock exchange does not match its Paid Up Share Capital as per the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA).

I further report that:

- I have not examined the Financial Statements, Financial books, related financial Acts and Related Party Transactions etc., For these matters, I rely on the report of statutory auditors for Financial Statement for the financial year ended 31st March, 2024.
- 2. The Board of Directors of the Company is constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors, Independent Directors and Woman Director. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the audit period under review were prima facie carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.
- 3. As per the information provided, the Company has prima facie given adequate notice to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least Seven days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the Meeting.
- 4. I was informed and have observed from the minutes of the Board and Committee Meetings that all the decisions at the Meetings were prima facie carried out unanimously.

- 5. There are prima facie adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines subject to observations and qualifications, if any made by the Statutory Auditors in their report.
- 6. The Management is responsible for compliances of all business laws. This responsibility includes maintenance of statutory registers / records required by the concerned authorities and internal control of the concerned department.
- 7. During the period under review, the Company has filed the required Forms within the time prescribed.

I further report that during the period under review, there were no instances of:

- i. Public/Rights/debentures/sweat equity, etc,
- ii. Issue of equity shares under Employee Stock Option Scheme;
- iii. Redemption / Buy-back of securities;
- iv. Major decisions taken by the Members in pursuance to Section 180 of the Companies Act, 2013 which would have major bearing on the Company's affairs;
- v. Merger/amalgamation/reconstruction etc.;
- vi. Foreign Technical Collaborations

I further report that:

- 1. Maintenance of secretarial record is the responsibility of the Management of the Company. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on my audit.
- 2. I have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in the secretarial records. I believe that the processes and practices, I followed provide a reasonable basis for my opinion.
- 3. I have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.
- 4. Wherever required, I have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of Laws, Rules and Regulations and happening of events etc.
- 5. The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable Laws, Rules, Regulations, Standards is the responsibility of the Management. My examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.

- 6. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor the efficacy or effectiveness with which the Management has conducted the affairs of the Company.
- 7. Due to the inherent limitations of an audit including internal, financial and operating controls, there is an unavoidable risk that some misstatements or material non-compliances may not be detected, even though the audit is properly planned and performed in accordance with the Standards.

Date: 16th May, 2024

Place: Mumbai

Practicing Company Secretary

ACS No.: 1157 / COP No.: 124

Peer Review Cert. No.: 1439/2021

UDIN: A001157F000379251

ANNEXURE – 2

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSIONS AND ANALYSIS REPORT

STRUCTURE AND DEVELOPMENTS, OPPORTUNITIES AND THREATS, PERFORMANCE, OUTLOOK, RISKS AND CONCERNS:

NBFC's CRAR stood at 26.6 per cent in March 2024, well above the regulatory minimum requirement. The RoA ratio has been rising, the cost-to-income ratio has maintained a declining trend in the post-pandemic period and the NIM stood strong during F.Y. 2023-24.

The interconnectedness between banks and NBFCs has grown significantly, with bank finance to NBFCs increasing fourfold over the past seven years. Bank finance to NBFCs has risen from 5% to 9.4% over the same period. If we ignore the likely impact of HDFC merger, bank finance to NBFCs would be near 10.8%. The Reserve Bank of India has raised concerns about the growing interconnectedness and are encouraging NBFCs to diversify their funding sources.

Industry Structure and Developments:

India's economy is on a robust growth trajectory, with healthy GDP growth rates despite geo-political challenges and growth concerns around the globe. The NBFCs sector has demonstrated significant resilience, with credit growth accelerating in the post-pandemic period. NBFCs play a crucial role in the financial ecosystem, growing at a CAGR of 14%. Amongst banks, NBFC and AIFIs (All India Financial Institutions), NBFCs have maintained 21-24% share of credit from FY17 to FY24. The banks account for approximately 70% and AIFIs make up remaining 5-7%.

Opportunities & Threats:

The regulatory landscape for NBFCs in 2024 is marked by heightened scrutiny and evolving challenges that demand significant adaptation and strategic foresight. Stricter prudential norms, enhanced data privacy and cyber security measures, ESG compliance, consumer protection mandates, and the pressures of digital transformation collectively shape a complex environment.

Overcoming these challenges requires NBCs to invest in advanced technologies, robust risk management frameworks, and comprehensive compliance strategies.

The ability to balance compliance with innovation will be a critical differentiator, enabling NBFCs to capitalize on new market opportunities and maintain their essential role in the financial ecosystem.

(Data Sources: Industry, RBI and Rating Agency reports)

Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS):

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA), based on its notification in the Official Gazette vide Notification G.S.R. 111(E) and G.S.R. 365(E)dated February 16, 2015 and March 30, 2016 respectively, notified the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) applicable to certain class of companies. Ind AS has replaced the Indian GAAP prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. These notifications are applicable to our company effective April 1, 2019.

INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS AND THEIR ADEQUACY:

The Company has adequate Internal Control System commensurate with its size and nature of business. All transactions are properly authorized, recorded and reported to the management. The internal control systems are designed to ensure that the financial statements are prepared based on reliable information. The Internal Audit is continuously conducted by in house Internal Audit department of the Company and Internal Audit Reports are reviewed by the Audit Committee of the Board periodically.

SEGMENT WISE PERFORMANCE:

The Company is operating in a single segment. Hence, no separate segment wise information is given.

HUMAN RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT AND INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS:

The Company recognizes human resources as a key component for facilitating organizational growth and shareholder value creation. Various initiatives have been taken to strengthen human resources of the Company. Relation with the employees and workers were cordial. Your Company is dedicated to partnering with employees and strengthening its talent pool by providing them with growth and career enhancement opportunities.

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT:

Statements in the Management Discussion and Analysis and Directors Report describing the Company's strengths, strategies, projections and estimates, are forward-looking statements and progressive within the meaning of applicable laws and regulations. Actual results may vary from those expressed or implied, depending upon economic conditions, Government Policies and other incidental factors. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on the forward looking statements.

CERTIFICATE OF NON-DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS

(Pursuant to Regulation 34(3) and Schedule V Para C clause (10)(i) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015)

To,

The Members of

Tokyo Finance Limited

363/1(1,2,3), Shree Ganesh Industrial Estate

Kachigam Road, Daman,

Daman and Diu, India, 396210

I have examined the relevant registers, records, forms, returns and disclosures received from the Directors of **Tokyo Finance Limited** having CIN: L65923DD1994PLC009783 and having registered office at 363/1(1,2,3), Shree Ganesh Industrial Estate Kachigam Road, Daman, Daman and Diu, India, 396210 (hereinafter referred to as "the Company"), produced before me by the Company for the purpose of issuing this Certificate, in accordance with Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V Para-C sub-clause 10(i) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

In my opinion and to the best of my information and according to the verifications (including Directors Identification Number (DIN) status at the portal www.mca.gov.in) as considered necessary and explanations furnished to me by the Company & its Officers, I hereby certify that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company as stated below for the financial year ending on 31st March, 2024 have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of Companies by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such other Statutory Authority:-

Sr. No.	Name of the Director	DIN	Original Date of appointment	Date of Appointment at Current Designation
1.	Velji Lakhadir Shah	00007239	22-11-1994	05-02-2016
2.	Haresh Velji Shah	00008339	22-11-1994	22-11-1994
3.	Jagruti Mayurbhai Sanghavi	07144651	28-03-2015	30-09-2015
4.	Viraj Devang Vora	08448823	29-09-2020	30-12-2020
5.	Chimanlal Andrjibhai Kutchhi	00058092	27-12-2005	27-12-2005

Ensuring the eligibility for the appointment / continuity of every Director on the Board is the responsibility of the management of the Company. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these based on my verification. This certificate is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

Date: 04/05/2024 Virendra G. Bhatt
Place: Mumbai Practicing Company Secretary
ACS No.: 1157 / COP No.: 124

Peer Review Cert. No.: 1439/2021

UDIN: A001157F000307705

REPORT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Corporate governance is an ethically driven business process that is committed to values aimed at enhancing an organization's brand and reputation. This is ensured by taking ethical business decisions and conducting business with a firm commitment to values, while meeting stakeholders' expectations.

At Tokyo Finance Limited it is imperative that our company affairs are managed in affair and transparent manner. This is vital to gain and retain the trust of our stakeholders.

Pursuant to Regulation 15(2) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, compliance with the certain provisions of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 is not mandatory for the time being for Companies having paid up equity share capital not exceeding Rs.10 crore and Net Worth not exceeding Rs.25 crore, as on the last day of the previous financial year.

Since our Company falls in the ambit of aforesaid exemption, compliance with the certain provisions of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 is not mandatory for our Company. Consequently our Company is not required to provide separate section on Corporate Governance.

However, our Company has complied with all the disclosures and requirements which are applicable under all the rules, regulations for the time being in force.

Affirmation of Compliance with Code of Conduct

Pursuant to the requirements of Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, I hereby confirm that the Company has received affirmations on compliance with Code of Conduct of the Company for the financial year ended 31st March, 2023 from all the Board Members and the Senior Management Personnel.

Velji L. Shah Chairman & Managing Director DIN: 00007239

Place: Mumbai

Date: 2nd September, 2024

MD CERTIFICATION

I, Velji Lakhadir Shah, Chairman and Managing Director of Tokyo Finance Limited, certify that:

A. I have reviewed the financial statements and the cash flow statement for the year and that to the best of my knowledge and belief:

- 1. These statements do not contain any materially untrue statement or omit any material fact or contain statements that might be misleading;
- 2. These statements together present a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and are in compliance with existing accounting standards, applicable laws and regulations.
- B. There are, to the best of my knowledge and belief, no transactions entered into by the Company during the year which are fraudulent, illegal or violate the company's code of Conduct.
- C. I accept responsibility for establishing and maintaining internal controls for financial reporting and I have evaluated the effectiveness of internal control systems of the company pertaining to financial reporting. Deficiencies in the design or operation of such internal controls, if any, of which I am aware, have been disclosed to the auditors and the Audit Committee and steps have been taken to rectify these deficiencies.
- D. I have indicated to the auditors and the Audit Committee that there are:
 - (i) No significant changes in internal control over financial reporting during the year;
 - (ii) No significant changes in accounting policies during the year and
 - (iii) No instances of fraud of which we have become aware and the involvement

Therein, if any, of the management or an employee having a significant role in the Company's internal control systems over financial reporting.

Place: Mumbai Velji Lakhadhir Shah

Date: 2nd September, 2024 Chairman & Managing Director

DIN: 00007239

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of **Tokyo Finance Limited**

Report on the Audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the Ind AS Financial Statements of Tokyo Finance Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2024, and the statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and notes to the Ind AS Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Ind AS Financial Statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2024, the profit and total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Kev Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment were of most significance in our audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key Audit Matters Auditor's Response

Whether interest income is correctly calculated. This is considered as Key Audit Matter as this is the most significant item in the statement of profit and loss.

Principle Audit Computation.

Principle Audit Procedures:

We assessed the Company's process on interest income computation.

Our audit approach consisted testing of the design and operating effectiveness of the internal controls and substantive testing as follows:

- Evaluated the design of internal controls relating to interest income computation.
- Selected a sample of continuing and new loan and tested the operating effectiveness of the internal control, relating
 Performed analytical procedures for testing the accuracy of the revenue recorded.

Information Other than the Ind AS Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Business Responsibility Report, Corporate Governance and Shareholder's Information, but does not include the Ind AS Financial Statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the Ind AS Financial Statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Ind AS Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibility of Management for Ind AS Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these Ind AS Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, total comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Ind AS Financial Statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Ind AS Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Ind AS Financial Statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- * Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepre sentations, or the override of internal control.
- * Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Compa nies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- * Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- * Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are re quired to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Ind AS Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

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* Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Ind AS Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Ind AS Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the "Annexure A" statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books except for not complying with the requirement of audit trail as stated in para 2 h) (vi) below.
 - c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of accounts.
 - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Ind AS Financial Statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on year taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f) The modification relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith, is as stated in para 2 h) (vi) below.
- g) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B"
- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position;
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses;
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - iv. (i) The management has represented that, to the best of it's knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from bor rowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
 - (ii) The management has represented, that, to the best of it's knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been received by the company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or pro vide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and

- (iii) Based on audit procedures which we considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to their notice that has caused them to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) contain any material mis-statement.
- v. The company has neither declared nor paid any dividend during the year.
- vi. Based on our examination, the Company has used accounting software for main taining its books of account for the financial year ended March 31, 2024, wherein the accounting software did not have the feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility/ did not have the audit trail feature enabled throughout the year (refer note 37 to the financial statements).

As proviso to Rule 3(1) of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is applicable from April 1, 2023, reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rule 2014 on preservation of audit trail as per the statutory requirements for record retention is not applicable for the financial year ended March 31, 2024.

3. As required by the Companies (Amendment) Act, 2017, in our opinion, according to information and explanations given to us, and based on the audit procedures performed by us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors is within the limits laid prescribed under Section 197 of the Act and the rules thereunder.

For U B G & Co

Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No. 141076W

Gauray Parekh

Place : Mumbai Partner
Date : 16th May, 2024 Membership No. 140694

UDIN: 24140694BKBHUC7160

"ANNEXURE A" TO INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Annexure referred to in our Independent Auditor's Report to the members of the Company on the Ind AS Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2024, we report that:

- (i) (a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, in cluding quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment.
 - (B) The Company did not having any intangible assets. Accordingly, the provision of clause 3(i)(a)(B) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) Property, Plant and Equipment have been physically verified by the management at reasonable intervals during the year and no material discrepancies were identified on such verification.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the title deeds of immovable properties (other than immovable properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) disclosed in the financial statements are held in the name of the Company.
 - (d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) or intangible assets or both during the year.
 - (e) According to information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there are no proceedings initiated or pending against the Company for holding any Benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 and rules made thereunder.
- (ii) (a) The Company is a non-banking finance company, primarily giving loans and advances. Accordingly, it does not hold any physical inventories. Thus, paragraph 3(ii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not been sanctioned any working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees in aggregate from banks and financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets at any point of time of the year. Accordingly, clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

- (iii) (a) Since the Company's principal business is to give loans. Accordingly, the provision of clause 3(iii)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) The Company, being a Non-Banking Financial Company ('NBFC'), registered under provisions of RBI Act, 1934. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the investments made, guarantees provided, security given and the terms and conditions of the grant of all loans and advances in the nature of loans and guarantees, provided during the year are, prima facie, not prejudicial to the Company's interest.
 - (c) The Company, being a Non-Banking Financial Company ('NBFC'), registered under provisions of RBI Act, 1934 and rules made thereunder, in pursuance of its compliance with provisions of the said Act/Rules, particularly, the Income Recognition, Asset Classification and Provisioning Norms, monitors repayments of principal and payment of interest by its customers as stipulated. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, in respect of loans and advances in the nature of loans, the payment of interest has been stipulated and in cases where payment of interest is not received as stipulated, the cognizance thereof is taken by the Company in course of its periodic regulatory reporting. However there are no stipulation of schedule of repayment of principal and we are unable to make specific comment on the regularity of repayment of principal in such case. Refer notes 6 and 30 to the Financial Statements for summarised details of such loans/advances which are not repaid by borrowers as per stipulations. According to the information and explanation made available to us, reasonable steps are taken by the Company for recovery thereof.
 - (d) The Company, being a NBFC, registered under provisions of RBI Act, 1934 and rules made thereunder, in pursuance of its compliance with provisions of the said Act / Rules, particularly, the Income Recognition, Asset Classification and Provisioning Norms, monitors and report total amount overdue including principal and / or payment of interest by its customers for more than 90 days. In cases where repayment of principal and payment of interest is not received as stipulated, the cognizance thereof is taken by the Company in course of its periodic regulatory reporting. Refer notes 6 and 30 to the Financial Statements for summarised details of such loans / advances which are not repaid by borrowers as per stipulations. According to the information and explanation made available to us, reasonable steps are taken by the Company for recovery thereof.
 - (e) Since the Company's principal business is to give loans. Accordingly, the provision of clause 3(iii)(e) of the Order is not applicable to it.

(f) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has granted loans and advances in the nature of loans repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment. The details of the same are as follows:

			Rs. In Lakh.
	Other Parties	Promoters	Related Parties
Aggregate amount of loans / advances in nature of loans			
- Repayable on demand (A)	805	Nil	186.43
- Agreement does not specify any terms or period of repayment (B)	Nil	Nil	Nil
Total (A+B)	805	Nil	186.43
Percentage of loans / advances in nature of loans to the total loans	81.20%	0%	18.80%

- (iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Act, with respect to the loans given, as applicable. The Company has not made any investments and not provided any guarantees and security during the year as specified under section 185 and section 186 of the Act.
- (v) According to the information and explanation provided to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits within the meaning of Sections 73 to 76 of the Act and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014 (as amended). Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(v) of the Order are not applicable to the Company. According to the information and explanations given to us, no order has been passed by the Company Law Board or the National Company Law Tribunal or the RBI or any Court or any other Tribunal against the Company in this regard.
- (vi) The Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under Section 148(1) of the Act, for any of the services of the Company. Accordingly, the provision of clause 3(vi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (vii) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, amounts deducted/accrued in the books of account in respect of undisputed statutory dues including Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income-Tax, Wealth Tax, Goods and Services Tax, Duty of Customs, Duty of Excise, Value Added Tax, Cess and other material statutory dues as applicable to company have generally been regularly deposited during the year by the Company with the appropriate authorities.

According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income-Tax, Wealth Tax, Goods and Services Tax, Duty of Customs, Duty of Excise, Value Added Tax, Cess and other material statutory dues as applicable to the company, were in arrears as at March 31, 2024 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

- (viii) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not surrendered or disclosed any transactions, previously unrecorded as income in the books of account, in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 as income during the year.
- (ix) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company did not have any loans or borrowings from any lender during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(ix)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not been declared a wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or government authority.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not taken any term loans from any lender. Accordingly, clause 3(ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the balance sheet of the Company, we report that no funds raised on short-term basis have been used for long-term purposes by the Company.
 - (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, we report that the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries or associates as defined under the Act. The Company does not hold any investment in any subsidiaries, Joint Venture or associate (as defined under the Act) during the year ended 31 March 2024.
 - (f) According to the information and explanations given to us and procedures performed by us, we report that the Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, Joint Venture or associate companies (as defined under the Act). The Company does not hold any investment in any joint venture (as defined under the Act) during the year ended 31 March 2024.
- (x) (a) The Company has not raised any moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year ended 31 March 2024. Accordingly, clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private
- (xi) Based on examination of the books and records of the Company and according to the information and explanations given to us, considering the principles of materiality as outlined in the Standards on Auditing, we report that no fraud by the Company or on the Company has been noticed or reported during the course of the audit.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, no report under sub-section (12) of Section 143 of the Act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us, there were no whistle blower complaints received during the year by the Company.
- (xii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xiii) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Act where applicable and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the Ind AS Financial Statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- (xiv) (a) Based on information and explanations provided to us and our audit procedures, in our opinion, the Company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
 - (b) We have considered the internal audit reports of the Company issued till date for the period under audit.
- (xv) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not entered into non cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xvi) (a) The Company is required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934 and the Company has obtained the required registration.

- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not conducted any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities without obtaining a valid CoR from the Reserve Bank of India as per the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.
- (c) The company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India, hence this clause is not applicable.
- (d) The Company does not belong to any Group having CIC, hence clause (xvi)(d) is not applicable to the Company.
- (xvii) The Company has not incurred cash losses during the financial year covered by our audit as well as in the immediately preceding financial year.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors of the Company during the year.
- (xiv) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- (xx) The company was not having net worth of rupees five hundred crore or more, turnover of rupees one thousand crore or more, net profit of rupees five crore or more during the immediately preceding financial year and hence, provisions of section 135 of the Act not applicable to the company during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(xx) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xxi) Based on information and explanations given to us, the Company is not required to prepare consolidated financial statements as per section 129(3) of the Companies Act 2013. Ac cordingly reporting under clause 3(xxi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

For U B G & Co

Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No. 141076W

Gaurav Parekh

Partner Membership No. 140694

Place : Mumbai Date : 16th May, 2024

UDIN: 24140694BKBHUC7160

"ANNEXURE B" TO INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 2(f) under the heading "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" of our report of even date to the members of the Company on the accounts for the year ended 31st March, 2024)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Tokyo Finance Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2024 in conjunction with our audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in "the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India". These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit conducted in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of Financial Statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of Financial Statements in accordance

with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the Financial Statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2024, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For **U B G & Co**Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No. 141076W

Gaurav Parekh

Partner Membership No. 140694

Place : Mumbai Date : 16/05/2024

UDIN: 24140694BKBHUC7160

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST MAR 2024

(Amount in Rs. In lakhs)

(b) Bank Balances other than (a) above (c) Loans Total Financial Assets (A1) (a) Ourrent tax assets (Net) (b) Property, Plant and Equipment (c) Other non-financial assets (a) Current financial Assets (A2) (b) Property, Plant and Equipment (c) Other non-financial assets (a) Current financial Assets (A2) (c) Other non-financial Assets (A2) (d) Total Assets (A1+A2) (e) Other non-financial Assets (A2) (f) Trade Payables (g) Payables (g) Trade Payables (g) Trade Payables (i) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises & small enterprises (ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises & small enterprises (iii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises & small enterprises (iii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises & small enterprises (iii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises & small enterprises (iii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises & small enterprises (iii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises & small enterprises (iii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises & small enterprises (iii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises & small enterprises (iii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises & small enterprises (iii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises & small enterprises (iii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises & small enterprises (iii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises & small enterprises (iii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises & small enterprises & small enterprises (iii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises & small enterprises (iii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises & small enterprises (iii) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises & small enterprises (iii) total outstanding dues of micro enterpr	Particulars	Note	As at 31-Mar- 2024	As at 31-Mar- 2023
(a) Cash and cash equivalents (b) Bank Balances other than (a) above (c) Loans Total Financial Assets (a) Current tax assets (Net) (b) Provisions (a) Payables (i) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises & small enterprises (b) Other financial Liabilities (a) Current tax liabilities (b) Provisions (c) Other non-financial Liabilities (a) Current tax liabilities (b) Provisions (c) Other non-financial Liabilities (d) Current tax liabilities (B2) Total Liabilities (B3=B1+B2) C. EQUITY (a) Equity Share Capital (b) Other Equity (c) Ital Equity (C1)	A. ASSETS			
(b) Bank Balances other than (a) above (c) Loans Total Financial Assets (A1) Non-Financial Assets (a) Current tax assets (Net) (b) Property, Plant and Equipment (c) Other non-financial assets Total Non-Financial Assets (A2) LIABILITIES LIABILITIES Financial Liabilities (a) Payables (i) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises & small en	1) Financial Assets			
(c) Loans	(a) Cash and cash equivalents	4	148.97	161.26
Total Financial Assets (A1)	(b) Bank Balances other than (a) above	5	-	-
Non-Financial Assets	(c) Loans	6	988.95	914.29
(a) Current tax assets (Net) (b) Property, Plant and Equipment (c) Other non-financial assets (A) 0.05 Total Non-Financial Assets (A2) LIABILITIES AND EQUITY B. LIABILITIES (a) Payables (b) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises & small enterprises (ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises & small enterprises (ii) total Financial Liabilities (a) Current tax liabilities (b) Provisions (c) Other non-financial Liabilities (c) Other non-financial Liabilities (d) Uffy Countries (B2) Total Liabilities (B3=B1+B2) C. EQUITY (a) Equity Share Capital (b) Other Equity Total Equity (C1)	Total Financial Assets (A1)		1,137.92	1,075.55
(b) Property, Plant and Equipment	2) Non-Financial Assets			
Co Other non-financial assets 8	(a) Current tax assets (Net)	11	14.67	15.49
Total Non-Financial Assets (A2) 19.07 38.4	(b) Property, Plant and Equipment	7	-	22.44
Total Assets (A1+A2)	(c) Other non-financial assets	8	4.40	0.50
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY LIABILITIES	Total Non-Financial Assets (A2)		19.07	38.43
B. LIABILITIES Financial Liabilities (a) Payables (i) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises & small enterprises (ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises & small enterprises & small enterprises (b) Other financial Liabilities 10	Total Assets (A1+A2)		1,156.99	1,113.98
Financial Liabilities	LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
(a) Payables (i) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises & small enterprises (ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises & small enterprises (b) Other financial Liabilities Total Financial Liabilities (B1) Non Financial Liabilities (a) Current tax liabilities (Net) (b) Provisions (c) Other non-financial Liabilities Total Non-Financial Liabilities (B2) Total Liabilities (B3=B1+B2) EQUITY (a) Equity Share Capital (b) Other Equity Total Equity (C1) 10 8.82 3.3 8.85 3.3 11 11	B. LIABILITIES			
(I) Trade Payables (i) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises & small enterprises (ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises & small enterprises & small enterprises & small enterprises (b) Other financial Liabilities (b) Other financial Liabilities (B1) Non Financial Liabilities (a) Current tax liabilities (Net) (b) Provisions (c) Other non-financial Liabilities (a) Current financial Liabilities (b) Provisions (c) Other non-financial Liabilities (d) Uther financial Liabilities (B2) Total Liabilities (B3=B1+B2) C. EQUITY (a) Equity Share Capital (b) Other Equity Total Equity (C1) Total Equity (C1)	1) Financial Liabilities			
(i) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises & small enterprises (ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises & small enterprises (b) Other financial Liabilites Total Financial Liabilities (B1) Non Financial Liabilities (a) Current tax liabilities (a) Current tax liabilities (b) Provisions (c) Other non-financial Liabilities (C) Other non-financial Liabilities (B2) Total Liabilities (B3=B1+B2) C. EQUITY (a) Equity Share Capital (b) Other Equity Total Equity (C1) (ii) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises & small 9 0.03 -	(a) Payables			
enterprises	(I) Trade Payables			
Column C	(i) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises & sma	all	0.02	
centerprises & small enterprises 9	enterprises	9	0.03	-
(b) Other financial Liabilities (Total Financial Liabilities (B1) 2) Non Financial Liabilities (a) Current tax liabilities (Net) (b) Provisions (c) Other non-financial Liabilities (Total Non-Financial Liabilities (B2) Total Liabilities (B3=B1+B2) C. EQUITY (a) Equity Share Capital (b) Other Equity Total Equity (C1) 10 8.82 3.3 3.3 11		ero		
Total Financial Liabilities (B1) 8.85 3.3	enterprises & small enterprises	9	-	-
2) Non Financial Liabilities (a) Current tax liabilities (Net) (b) Provisions (c) Other non-financial Liabilites Total Non-Financial Liabilities (B2) Total Liabilities (B3=B1+B2) C. EQUITY (a) Equity Share Capital (b) Other Equity Total Equity (C1) 11	(b) Other financial Liabilites	10	8.82	3.34
(a) Current tax liabilities (Net) (b) Provisions (c) Other non-financial Liabilites Total Non-Financial Liabilities (B2) Total Liabilities (B3=B1+B2) C. EQUITY (a) Equity Share Capital (b) Other Equity Total Equity (C1) 11 11 12 11.18 10.9 13 2.10 75.3 86.2 22.13 89.5 40.24 694.28 694.2 15 440.58 330.1- 1,134.86 1,024.3	Total Financial Liabilities (B1)		8.85	3.34
(b) Provisions (c) Other non-financial Liabilities (c) Other non-financial Liabilities (d) Total Non-Financial Liabilities (B2) Total Liabilities (B3=B1+B2) C. EQUITY (a) Equity Share Capital (b) Other Equity Total Equity (C1) 11.18 10.9 2.10 75.3 86.2 22.13 89.5 440.28 694.28 694.2 15 440.58 330.1 1,134.86 1,024.3	2) Non Financial Liabilities			
(c) Other non-financial Liabilities 13 2.10 75.3 Total Non-Financial Liabilities (B2) 13.28 86.2 Total Liabilities (B3=B1+B2) 22.13 89.5 C. EQUITY (a) Equity Share Capital (b) Other Equity 14 694.28 694.2 (b) Other Equity 15 440.58 330.1 Total Equity (C1) 1,134.86 1,024.3	(a) Current tax liabilities (Net)	11	-	-
Total Non-Financial Liabilities (B2) Total Liabilities (B3=B1+B2) C. EQUITY (a) Equity Share Capital (b) Other Equity Total Equity (C1) 13.28 86.2 22.13 89.5 14 694.28 694.2 15 440.58 330.1 1,134.86 1,024.3	(b) Provisions	12	11.18	10.94
C. EQUITY (a) Equity Share Capital (b) Other Equity Total Equity (C1) Total Liabilities (B3=B1+B2) 22.13 89.5 24.13 89.5 14 694.28 694.2 15 440.58 330.1 1,134.86 1,024.3	(c) Other non-financial Liabilites	13	2.10	75.31
C. EQUITY (a) Equity Share Capital (b) Other Equity Total Equity (C1) 14 694.28 694.2 15 440.58 330.1 1,134.86 1,024.3	Total Non-Financial Liabilities (B2)		13.28	86.25
(a) Equity Share Capital 14 694.28 694.2 (b) Other Equity 15 440.58 330.1 Total Equity (C1) 1,134.86 1,024.3	Total Liabilities (B3=B1+B2)		22.13	89.59
(b) Other Equity Total Equity (C1) 15 440.58 330.1 1,134.86 1,024.3	C. EQUITY			
(b) Other Equity Total Equity (C1) 15 440.58 330.1 1,134.86 1,024.3	(a) Equity Share Capital	14	694.28	694.25
		15	440.58	330.14
Total Equity and Liabilities (R3+C1) 1.156.00 1.112.0	Total Equity (C1)		1,134.86	1,024.39
	Total Family and Linkilitian (D2+C1)		1 156 00	1,113.98

The accompanying notes (1-38) form an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date

For UBG & Co. For and Behalf of Board

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No.141076W

Velji L. Shah (Chairman and M.D., DIN: 7239)

Gaurav Parekh Haresh V. Shah (Director, DIN: 8339)

Partner

Membership No. 140694 Kalpana Ghate (C.F.O.)

STAT	EMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAR 2024		(Amoun	t in Rs. In Lakhs)
	Particulars	Note	2023-24	2022-23
I.	REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS			
	Interest Income	16	77.96	69.84
	Total Revenue from Operations (I)		77.96	69.84
II.	OTHER INCOME (II)	17	83.30	0.32
III.	TOTAL INCOME (III = I+II)		161.26	70.16
IV.	EXPENSES			
	Finance Costs	18	0.02	0.29
	Employees Benefits Expenses	19	32.53	38.34
	Depreciation and Amortisation Expenses	20	0.08	0.69
	Other Expenditure	21	15.55	16.20
	Total Expenses (IV)		48.18	55.52
v.	NET PROFIT/ (LOSS) BEFORE TAX (V = III -IV)		113.08	14.64
VI.	TAX EXPENSES			
	Current tax	22	3.10	2.28
	Deferred tax charge / (credit)	22	-	-
	Prior Period taxes	22	1.22	-
	Total Tax Expense (VI)		4.32	2.28
VII.	PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE YEAR (VII = V-VI)		108.76	12.36
VIII.	OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME			
	A (i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
	- Remeasurements of post-employment benefit obligations		1.68	1.07
	(ii) Income Tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		-	-
	Total (VIII-A)		1.68	1.07
	B (i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss		-	-
	(ii) Income Tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss		-	-
	Total (VIII-B)		-	-
	Other Comprehensive Income for the Year (VIII = VIII-A + VIIIB)		1.68	1.07
IX.	TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR (IX = VII+VIII)		110.44	13.43
	Earnings per equity share			
	Basic	25	1.57	0.18
	Diluted		1.57	0.18

The accompanying notes (1-38) form an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date

For UBG & Co. For and Behalf of Board

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No.141076W

Velji L. Shah (Chairman and M.D., DIN: 7239)

Gaurav Parekh Haresh V. Shah (Director, DIN: 8339)

Partner

Membership No. 140694 Kalpana Ghate (C.F.O.)

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

(Amount in Rs. In lakhs)

Particulars	2023-24	2022-23
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net Profit before tax	113.08	14.64
Adjustments for :		
Depreciation and Amortisation expenses	0.08	0.69
Profit on Sale of Property, Plant and Equipments	(82.85)	-
Impairment loss allowances	0.19	0.50
Amount Written Off	-	-
Interest on Bank FDs	(0.05)	(0.10
Finance Cost	0.02	0.29
Operating Profit before Working Capital changes	30.47	16.02
Adjustments for :		
(Increase)/decrease in Loans	(74.85)	(208.98)
(Increase)/decrease in Other non Financial Assets	(3.90)	(0.06
Increase/(decrease) in Payables	0.03	(0.15
Increase/(decrease) in Other Financial Liability	5.48	(2.82
Increase/(decrease) in Other non - Financial liabilities	1.79	-
Increase/(decrease) in Provisions	1.92	2.38
Cash from/(used in) Operating Activities	(39.06)	(193.61
Direct Taxes paid	(3.50)	6.17
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES (A)	(42.56)	(187.44
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment	-	-
Receipt from Sale of Property, Plant and Equipment	30.21	-
Interest on Bank FDs Received	0.05	0.63
Investment in FD	-	85.00
Receipts from sale of Investments	-	-
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES (B)	30.26	85.63
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from/ (Payments towards) Borrowings (Net)	-	-
Receipt of Calls in Arrears	0.03	-
Finance Cost Paid	(0.02)	(0.29
NET CASH USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES (C)	0.01	(0.29
Net Increase/ (Decrease) in Cash And Cash Equivalents (A) + (B) + (C)	(12.29)	(102.10
Cash and Cash Equivalents (Opening)	161.26	263.36
Cash and Cash Equivalents (Opening)	148.97	161.26

The cash flow statement has been prepared under the indirect method as set out in Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS 7) statement of cash flows. The above statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

The accompanying notes (1-38) form an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date attached

For UBG & Co. For and Behalf of Board

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No.141076W

Velji L. Shah (Chairman and M.D., DIN: 7239)

Gaurav Parekh Haresh V. Shah (Director, DIN: 8339)

Partner

Membership No. 140694 Kalpana Ghate (C.F.O.)

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL (Amount in Rs. In Lakhs)

	As at 31-Mar-	As at 31-Mar-
	2024	2023
Balance at the beginning	694.28	694.25
Changes in equity share capital due to prior period errors		
Restated balance at the beginning of the year	694.28	694.25
Changes in equity share capital	-	-
Balance at the end	694.28	694.25

OTHER EQUITY

Particulars	Statutory Reserve	Retained Earnings *	Total
Balance as at 31 March 2022 **	156.80	159.91	316.71
Transfer to/from retained earnings	3.36	(3.36)	-
Profit for the year	-	12.36	12.36
Other Comprehensive Income for the year	-	1.07	1.07
Balance as at 31 March 2023	160.16	169.98	330.14
Transfer to/from retained earnings	27.62	(27.62)	-
Profit for the year	-	108.76	108.76
Other Comprehensive Income for the year	-	1.68	1.68
Balance as at 31 March 2024	187.78	252.80	440.58

^{*} including remeasurement of net defined benefit plans

The accompanying notes (1-38) form an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date

For and Behalf of Board

For UBG & Co.
Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.141076W Velji L. Shah (Chairman and M.D., DIN: 7239)

Gaurav Parekh Haresh V. Shah (Director and C.F.O., DIN: 8339)

Partner

Membership No. 140694

Kalpana Ghate (C.F.O.)

^{**} there are no changes in other equity due to prior period errors

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

1 CORPORATE INFORMATION:

The Tokyo Finance Limited ('The Company') was incorporated on 22nd November, 1994 under the provisions of the Companies Act 1956. The Company is having registered office at 363/1(1,2,3), Shree Gamesh Industrial Estate, Kachigam Road, Daman- 396 210 (U.T.) and engaged in the business of Non-Banking Finance. The company is a Non-Deposit taking, Non-Systemically Important ("ND-NSI") registered with Reserve Bank of India (RBI).

2 SIGNIFICANT / MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

The financial statements were approved for issue by Board of Directors on 16 May, 2024

2.1) Basis of Preparation:

i. Compliance with IND AS:

These financial statements comply in all material aspects with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) read with rule 4 of the Companies (Indian Accounting standards) Rules, 2015 and other relevant

ii. Historical cost convention:

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention using the accrual method of accounting basis, except for certain financial instruments and defined benifit plan asset/liabilities that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period as explained in the significant accounting polices below.

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or noncurrent as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013. Based on the nature of products and the time between acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of current/non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

2.2) Segment Reporting:

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Chief Operating Decision Maker ("CODM"). The CODM, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Managing Director and Finance Director of the Company. The Company has identified activity of providing finance as its

2.3) Foreign currency transactions:

i. Functional and presentation currencies:

Items included in the financial statements of the Company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ('the functional currency'). The financial statements are presented in Indian currency (INR), which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

ii. Transactions and balances:

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rates on the date of transaction. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from settlement of such transactions and from translation of monetary assets and liabilities at the year-end exchange rates are generally recognized in the profit and loss. They are deferred in equity if they relate to qualifying cash flow hedges.

Foreign exchange differences regarded as an adjustment to borrowing costs are presented in the Statement of Profit and Loss, within finance costs. All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the Statement of Profit and Loss on a net basis.

Non-monetary foreign currency items are carried at cost and accordingly the investments in shares of foreign subsidiaries are expressed in Indian currency at the rate of exchange prevailing at the time when the original investments are made or fair values determined.

2.4) Revenue recognition:

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured and there exists reasonable certainty of its recovery. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable as reduced for estimated customer credits and other similar allowances.

i. Interest Income:

Interest income is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss and for all financial instruments except for those classified as held for trading or those measured or designated as at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) is measured using the effective interest method (EIR) and when it is it is probable that the company will collect the consideration.

ii. Dividend:

Dividend income is recognised when the Company's right to receive dividend is established by the reporting date and no significant uncertainty as to collectability exists.

iii. Net gain or fair value change:

Any differences between the fair values of the financial assets classified as fair value through the profit or loss, held by the Company on the balance sheet date is recognised as an unrealised gain/loss in the statement of profit and loss. In cases there is a net gain in aggregate, the same is recognised in "Net gains or fair value changes" under revenue from operations and if there is a net loss the same is disclosed "Expenses", in the statement of profit and loss.

iv. Income from financial instruments at FVTPL:

Income from financial instruments at FVTPL includes all gains and losses from changes in the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities at FVTPL except those that are held for trading.

v. Other operational revenue:

Other operational revenue represents income earned from the activities incidental to the business and is recognised when the right to receive the income is established as per the terms of the contract.

2.5) Income Tax

The income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate for each jurisdiction adjusted by the changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the Balance Sheet method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current and deferred tax is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Minimum Alternative Tax (MAT) credit, which is equal to the excess of MAT (calculated in accordance with provisions of Section 115JB of the Income tax Act, 1961) over normal income-tax is recognized as an item in deferred tax asset by crediting the Statement of Profit and Loss only when and to the extent there is convincing evidence that the Company will be able to avail the said credit against normal tax payable during the period of fifteen succeeding assessment years.

2.6) Property, Plant and Equipment:

Freehold land is carried at historical cost. All other items of property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less depreciation and impairment loss, if any. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognised when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

Capital work-in-progress comprises cost of fixed assets that are not yet ready for their intended use at the year end.

Depreciation methods, estimated useful lives and residual value:

Depreciation is calculated on a pro-rata basis on the straight line method so as to write-down the cost of property, plant and equipment to its residual value systematically over its estimated useful life based on useful life of the assets as prescribed under Part C of Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013.

Estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation methods are reviewed annually, taking into account commercial and technological obsolescence as well as normal wear and tear and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate

2.7) Intangible Assets:

Intangible Assets are stated at acquisition cost, net of accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment loss, if any.

Amortization:

Intangible assets are amortised over their respective individual estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis, commencing from the date the asset is available to the Company for its use.

The estimated useful life and amortization method are reviewed at the end of each annual reporting period, with the effect of any changes in the estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis.

Expenditure on research is recognized as an expense when it is incurred. Development costs of products are also charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss unless all the criteria for capitalization as set out on Paragraph 21 and 22 of Ind AS 38 have been met by the Company.

2.8) Lease:

As a Leasee

The Company evaluates if an arrangement qualifies to be a lease as per the requirements of IndAS 116. Identification of a lease requires significant judgment. The Company uses significant judgment in assessing the lease term (including anticipated renewals) and the applicable discount rate.

The Company accounts for each lease component within the contract as a lease separately from non-lease components of the contract and allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of the relative stand-alone price of the lease component and the aggregate stand-alone price of the non-lease components.

The Company recognises right-of-use asset representing its right to use the underlying asset for the lease term at the lease commencement date. The cost of the right-of-use asset measured at inception shall comprise of the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to be incurred by the lessee in dismantling and removing the underlying asset or restoring the underlying asset or site on which it is located. The right-of-use assets is subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation and adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability. The right-of-use assets is depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date over the shorter of lease term or useful life of right-of-use asset. The estimated useful lives of right-of-use assets are determined on the same basis as those of property, plant and equipment.

The Company measures the lease liability at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date of the lease. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the Company uses incremental borrowing rate. For leases with reasonably similar characteristics, the Company, on a lease by lease basis, may adopt either the incremental borrowing rate specific to the lease or the incremental borrowing rate for the portfolio as a whole. The lease payments shall include fixed payments, variable lease payments, residual value guarantees, exercise price of a purchase option where the Company is reasonably certain to exercise that option and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising an option to terminate the lease. The lease liability is subsequently remeasured by increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability, reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made and remeasuring the carrying amount to reflect any reassessment or lease modifications or to reflect revised in-substance fixed lease payments.

The Company recognises the amount of the re-measurement of lease liability as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset. Where the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset is reduced to zero and there is a further reduction in the measurement of the lease liability, the Company recognises any remaining amount of the re-measurement in statement of profit and loss.

The Company determines the lease term as the non-cancellable period of a lease, together with both periods covered by an option to extend the lease if the Company is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and periods covered by an option to terminate the lease if the Company is reasonably certain not to exercise that option. In assessing whether the Company is reasonably certain to exercise an option to extend a lease, or not to exercise an option to terminate a lease, it considers all relevant facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive for the Company to exercise the option to extend the lease, or not to exercise the option to terminate the lease. The Company revises the lease term if there is a change in the non-cancellable period of a lease.

The Company has elected not to apply the requirements of Ind AS 116 to short-term leases of all assets that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases for which the underlying asset is of low value. The lease payments associated with these leases are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

During the year there are no assest of taken by company on lease.

As a Leasor

Lease income from operating leases where the Company is a lessor is recognised in income on a straight-line basis over the lease term unless the

receipts are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation to conpensate for expected inflationary cost increases. The respective leased assets are included in the balance sheet based on their nature.

During the year there are no assest of company given on lease.

2.9) Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the Company's balance sheet when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Recognised financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at FVTPL) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at FVTPL are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

A financial asset and a financial liability is offset and presented on net basis in the balance sheet when there is a current legally enforceable right to set-off the recognised amounts and it is intended to either settle on net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

(i) Financial Assets:

i Classification:

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income, or through profit or loss), and
- those measured at amortised cost.

Classification of debt assets will be driven by the Company's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets.

For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in profit or loss or other comprehensive income. For investments in debt instruments, this will depend on the business model in which the investment is held. For investments in equity instruments, this will depend on whether the company has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income.

ii Measurement:

At initial recognition, the company measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in profit or loss.

Debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the company's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset.

- Amortised Cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of
 principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at
 amortised cost and is not part of a hedging relationship is recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised or impaired.
 Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income.
- Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI): Assets that are held for collection of contractual cashflows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets cash flow represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI). Movements in the carrying amount are taken through OCI, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest revenue and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognised in profit and loss. When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from equity to profit or loss and recognised in other gains/ (losses). Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income.
- Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL): Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or FVOCI are measured at fair value through profit or loss. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss and is not part of a hedging relationship is recognised in profit or loss and presented net in the statement of profit and loss within other gains/(losses) in the period in which it arises. Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income.

Equity instruments

The Company has accounted for its investment in Equity Instruments at cost. Dividends from such investments are recognised in profit or loss as other income when the company's right to receive the dividend is established.

iii Derecognition of financial assets:

A financial asset is derecognised only when

- The company has transferred the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset or
- The Company retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset, but assumes a contractual obligation to pay the cash flows to one or more recipients.

Where the entity has transferred an asset, the company evaluates whether it has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset. In such cases, the financial asset is derecognised. Where the entity has not transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is not derecognised.

Where the entity has neither transferred a financial asset nor retains substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is derecognised if the company has not retained control of the financial asset. Where the company retains control of the financial asset, the asset is continued to be recognised to the extent of continuing involvement in the financial asset.

(ii) Financial Liabilities:

Financial liabilities, including derivatives, which are designated for measurement at FVTPL are subsequently measured at fair value. Financial guarantee contracts are subsequently measured at the amount of impairment loss allowance or the amount recognised at inception net of cumulative amortisation, whichever is higher.

All other financial liabilities including loans and borrowings are measured at amortised cost using Effective Interest Rate (EIR) method.

A financial liability is derecognised when the related obligation expires or is discharged or cancelled.

2.10) Write Off:

Loans and debt securities are written off when the Company has no reasonable expectations of recovering the financial asset (either in its entirety or a portion of it). This is the case when the Company determines that the borrower does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the amounts subject to the write-off. A write-off constitutes a derecognition event. The Company may apply enforcement activities to financial assets written off. Recoveries resulting from the Company's enforcement activities will result in impairment gains Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the Company's balance sheet when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

2.11) Impairment:

The Company recognises loss allowances for ECLs on the financial instruments that are not measured at FVTPL viz. Loans

Credit-impaired financial assets

A financial asset is 'credit-impaired' when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred. Credit-impaired financial assets are referred to as Stage 3 assets. Evidence of credit impairment includes observable data about the following events:

- significant financial difficulty of the borrower or issuer;
- a breach of contract such as a default or past due event;
- the lender of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession that the lender would not otherwise consider;
- the disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties; or
- the purchase of a financial asset at a deep discount that reflects the incurred credit losses

It may not be possible to identify a single discrete event—instead, the combined effect of several events may have caused financial assets to become credit-impaired. The Company assesses whether debt instruments that are financial assets measured at amortised cost or FVTOCI are credit-impaired at each reporting date. To assess if corporate debt instruments are credit impaired, the Company considers factors such as bond yields, credit ratings and the ability of the borrower to raise funding.

A loan is considered credit-impaired when a concession is granted to the borrower due to a deterioration in the borrower's financial condition, unless there is evidence that as a result of granting the concession the risk of not receiving the contractual cash flows has reduced significantly and there are no other indicators of impairment. For financial assets where concessions are contemplated but not granted the asset is deemed credit impaired when there is observable evidence of credit-impairment including meeting the definition of default. The definition of default (see below) includes unlikeliness to pay indicators and a back-stop if amounts are overdue for 90 days or more.

Significant increase in credit risk

The Company monitors all financial assets that are subject to the impairment requirements to assess whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. If there has been a significant increase in credit risk the Company will measure the loss allowance based on lifetime rather than 12-month ECL.

In assessing whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Company compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument at the reporting date based on the remaining maturity of the instrument with the risk of a default occurring that was anticipated for the remaining maturity at the current reporting date when the financial instrument was first recognised. In making this assessment, the Company considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort, based on the Company's historical experience and expert credit assessment.

Given that a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition is a relative measure, a given change, in absolute terms, in the Probability of Default will be more significant for a financial instrument with a lower initial PD than compared to a financial instrument with a higher PD.

As a back-stop when loan asset becomes 90 days past due, the Company considers that a significant increase in credit risk has occurred and the asset is in stage 2 of the impairment model, i.e. the loss allowance is measured as the lifetime ECL in respect of such loan, which is reviewed annually.

Definition of default

Critical to the determination of ECL is the definition of default. The definition of default is used in measuring the amount of ECL and in the determination of whether the loss allowance is based on 12-month or lifetime ECL, as default is a component of the probability of default (PD) which affects both the measurement of ECLs and the identification of a significant increase in credit risk.

The Company considers the following as constituting an event of default:

- the borrower is past due more than 90 days on any material credit obligation to the Company; or
- the borrower is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Company in full.

The definition of default is appropriately tailored to reflect different characteristics of different types of assets.

When assessing if the borrower is unlikely to pay its credit obligation, the Company takes into account both qualitative and quantitative indicators. The information assessed depends on the type of the asset, for example in corporate lending a qualitative indicator used is the admittance of bankruptcy petition by National Company Law Tribunal, which is not relevant for retail lending. Quantitative indicators, such as overdue status and non-payment on another obligation of the same counterparty are key inputs in this analysis. The Company uses a variety of sources of information to assess default which are either developed internally or obtained from external sources. The definition of default is applied consistently to all financial instruments unless information becomes available that demonstrates that another default definition is more appropriate for a particular financial instrument.

ECLs are required to be measured through a loss allowance as follows:

- 12-month ECL, i.e. lifetime ECL that result from those default events on the financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date, (referred to as Stage 1); or
- full lifetime ECL, i.e. lifetime ECL that result from all possible default events over the life of the financial instrument, (referred to as Stage 2 and Stage 3).

A loss allowance for full lifetime ECL is required for a financial instrument if the credit risk on that financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition (and consequently to credit impaired financial assets). For all other financial instruments, ECLs are measured at an amount equal to the 12-month ECL.

The Company measures ECL on an individual basis, or on a collective basis for portfolios of loans that share similar economic risk characteristics.

2.12) Presentation of allowance for ECL in the Balance Sheet:

Loss allowances for ECL are presented in the statement of financial position as follows:

- for financial assets measured at amortised cost: as a deduction from the gross carrying amount of the assets;
- for debt instruments measured at FVTOCI: no loss allowance is recognised in Balance Sheet as the carrying amount is at fair value.

2.13) Trade and other payables:

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. Trade and other payables are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within 12 months after the reporting period.

2.14) Borrowings:

Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings.

Borrowings are removed from the balance sheet when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability that has been extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

2.15) Borrowing Cost:

General and specific borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of a qualifying asset are capitalised during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use or sale.

Qualifying assets are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

2.16) Employee Benefits:

i. Short term obligations:

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including nonmonetary benefits that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service are recognised in respect of employees' services upto the end of the reporting and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. The liabilities are presented as current employee benefit obligations in the balance sheet.

ii. Provident fund:

The Company makes contribution to the Governments Provident Fund Scheme, a defined contribution scheme, administered by Government Provident Fund Authorities. The Company has no obligation to the scheme beyond its monthly contributions.

iii. Gratuity:

Liabilities with regard to the gratuity benefits payable in future are determined by actuarial valuation at each Balance Sheet date using the Projected Unit Credit method and contributed to Employees Gratuity Fund. Actuarial gains and losses arising from changes in actuarial assumptions are recognized in other comprehensive income and shall not be reclassified to the Statement of Profit and Loss in a subsequent period.

2.17) Provisions and Contingent Liabilities:

Contingent Liabilities are disclosed in respect of possible obligations that arise from past events but their existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or where any present obligation cannot be measured in terms of future outflow of resources or where a reliable estimate of the obligation cannot be made.

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount can be reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. The discount rate used to determine the present value is a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognized even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

A contingent asset is disclosed, where an inflow of economic benefits is probable. An entity shall not recognise a contingent asset unless the recovery is virtually certain.

2.18) Cash and Cash Equivalents:

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other shortterm, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

2.19) Impairment of assets:

Intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that they might be impaired. Other assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is higher of an asset's fair value less cost of disposal and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or group of assets (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at the end of each reporting period.

2.20) Earnings Per Share:

- i. Basic earnings per share: Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing:
 - the profit attributable to owners of the Company
 - by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in equity shares issued during the year and excluding treasury shares.
- ii. Diluted earnings per share: Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account:
 - the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential equity shares, and
 - the weighted average number of additional equity shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

2.21) New accounting pronouncements:

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. During the year ended March 31, 2024, MCA has not notified any new standards or amendments to the existing standards applicable to the company.

3 CRITICAL ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS:

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of accounting estimates which, by definition, will seldom equal the actual results. Management also needs to exercise judgement in applying the group's accounting policies. This note provides an overview of the areas that involved a higher degree of judgement or complexity, and of items which are more likely to be materially adjusted due to estimates and assumptions turning out to be different than those originally assessed. Detailed information about each of these estimates and judgements is included in relevant notes together with information about the basis of calculation for each affected line item in the financial statements.

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the Management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported balances of assets and liabilities and disclosures relating to contingent assets and liabilities as at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of income and expenses during the period. These estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and management's best knowledge of current events and actions the Company may take in future.

Information about critical estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities are included in the following notes:

- 1) Impairment loss allowance on loans (Note 6)
- 2) Estimation of defined benefit obligations (Note 26)
- 3) Estimation of current tax expenses and payable (Note 11)
- 4) Estimation of provisions and contingencies (Note 12 and 23)

3.1) Impairment loss allowance on loans

While creating impairment loss allowance on loans require judgement in deciding whether loan asset qualifies to be impair based on various observable events as mentioned in notes above and the quantum of allowance to be create or reversed.

3.2) Estimation of defined benefit obligations

The liabilities of the company arising from employee benefit obligations and the related current service cost, are determined on an actuarial basis using various assumptions. Refer note 26 for significant assumptions used.

3.3) Estimation of current and deferred tax expenses and payable

The Company's tax charge is the sum of total current and deferred tax charges. Taxes recognized in the financial statements reflect management's best estimate of the outcome based on the facts known at the balance sheet date. These facts include but are not limited to interpretation of tax laws of various jurisdictions where the company operates. Any difference between the estimates and final tax assessments will impact the income tax as well as the resulting assets and liabilities.

3.4) Estimation of provisions and contingencies:

Provisions are liabilities of uncertain amount or timing recognised where a legal or constructive obligation exists at the balance sheet date, as a result of a past event, where the amount of the obligation can be reliably estimated and where the outflow of economic benefit is probable. Contingent liabilities are possible obligations that may arise from past event whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events which are not fully within the control of the company. The Company exercises judgement and estimates in recognizing the provisions and assessing the exposure to contingent liabilities relating to pending litigations. Judgement is necessary in assessing the likelihood of the success of the pending claim and to quantify the possible range of financial settlement. Due to this inherent uncertainty in the evaluation process, actual losses may be different from originally estimated provision.

Total (A) 988.95 914.29 (B) At Amortised Cost Secured 991.43 1,011.92 Less: Impairment loss allowance (2.48) (97.63) Total (B) 988.95 914.29 (C) (I) Loans in India At Amortised Cost 991.43 1,011.92 Less: Impairment loss allowance			(Amount in Rs. In Lak		
(i) Cash Balance on Hand (ii) Balances with Bank			As at 31-Mar-2024	As at 31-Mar-2023	
Total 148.95 161.02 162.07 16	4	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
Total 148.97 161.26 16		V	0.02	0.24	
Bank Balances Offier Than Note 4 above 1		(ii) Balances with Banks	148.95	161.02	
Open sits with Bank with maturity more than 3 months Total		Total	148.97	161.26	
Total	5	BANK BALANCES OTHER THAN NOTE 4 ABOVE			
At Amortised Cost		(i) Deposits with Bank with maturity more than 3 months	-	-	
At Amortised Cost		Total	-		
At Amortised Cost 991.43 1,011.92 Less: Impairment loss allowance (2.48) (97.63) Total (A) 988.95 914.29 (B) At Amortised Cost	6	LOANS			
Loans to Others (Repayable on Demand) 991.43 1,011.92 Less: Impairment loss allowance (2.48) (97.63) Total (A) 988.95 914.29 (B) At Amortised Cost - Unsecured 991.43 1,011.92 Less: Impairment loss allowance (2.48) (97.63) Total (B) 988.95 914.29 (C) (1) Loans in India - - At Amortised Cost 91.43 1,011.92 Public Sectors 91.43 1,011.92 Less: Impairment loss allowance (2.48) (97.63) Total (I) 988.95 914.29 (II) Loans in Outside India - - At Amortised Cost 991.43 1,011.92 (II) Loans in Outside India - - At Amortised Cost - - Public Sectors - - Others - - Others - - Less: Impairment loss allowance		(A)			
Less: Impairment loss allowance 991.43 1,011.92 Total (A) 988.95 914.29 (B) At Amortised Cost Secured - - Unsecured 991.43 1,011.92 Less: Impairment loss allowance (2.48) (97.63) Total (B) 988.95 914.29 (C) (I) Loans in India At Amortised Cost 991.43 1,011.92 Less: Impairment loss allowance 991.43 1,011.92 Less: Impairment loss allowance 991.43 1,011.92 (II) Loans in Outside India 4 4 4 988.95 914.29 (III) Loans in Outside India At Amortised Cost -		At Amortised Cost			
Less: Impairment loss allowance (2.48) (97.63) Total (A) 988.95 914.29 (B) At Amortised Cost Secured - <td ro<="" td=""><td></td><td>Loans to Others (Repayable on Demand)</td><td>991.43</td><td>1,011.92</td></td>	<td></td> <td>Loans to Others (Repayable on Demand)</td> <td>991.43</td> <td>1,011.92</td>		Loans to Others (Repayable on Demand)	991.43	1,011.92
Total (A) 988.95 914.29 (B) At Amortised Cost Secured			991.43	1,011.92	
(B) At Amortised Cost Secured Unsecured 991.43 1,011.92 1991.43 1,011.92 1991.43 1,011.92 1991.43 1,011.92 (C) (I) Loans in India At Amortised Cost Public Sectors Others 991.43 1,011.92 1991.43		Less: Impairment loss allowance	(2.48)	(97.63)	
At Amortised Cost Secured - Unsecured 991.43 1,011.92 1,011.92 991.43 1,011.92 Less: Impairment loss allowance (2.48) (97.63) Total (B) 988.95 914.29 (C) (I) Loans in India At Amortised Cost Public Sectors - - Others 991.43 1,011.92 Less: Impairment loss allowance (2.48) (97.63) Total (I) 988.95 914.29 (II) Loans in Outside India At Amortised Cost Public Sectors - - Others - - Less: Impairment loss allowance - - Less: Impairment loss allowance - - Total (II) - - Total (II) - -		Total (A)	988.95	914.29	
Secured - 1,011.92 Unsecured 991.43 1,011.92 1,011.92 1,011.92 1,011.92 Less: Impairment loss allowance (2.48) (97.63) Total (B) 988.95 91.429 (C) (I) Loans in India At Amortised Cost -		(B)			
Unsecured 991.43 1,011.92 Less: Impairment loss allowance (2.48) (97.63) Total (B) 988.95 914.29 (C) 988.95 914.29 (C) 988.95 914.29 (D) Loans in India - - At Amortised Cost 991.43 1,011.92 Public Sectors 991.43 1,011.92 (II) Loans in Outside India 988.95 914.29 (II) Loans in Outside India - - At Amortised Cost - - Public Sectors - - Others - - Less: Impairment loss allowance - - Less: Impairment loss allowance - - India (II) - - Total (II) - -		At Amortised Cost			
Less: Impairment loss allowance (2.48) (97.63) Total (B) 988.95 914.29 (C) (I) Leans in India At Amortised Cost Public Sectors -		Secured	-		
Less: Impairment loss allowance (2.48) (97.63) Total (B) 988.95 914.29 (C) 988.95 914.29 (C) (I) Loans in India 3 3 At Amortised Cost 3 5 6 7 7 7 7 7 991.43 1,011.92 991.43 <th< td=""><td></td><td>Unsecured</td><td>991.43</td><td>1,011.92</td></th<>		Unsecured	991.43	1,011.92	
Total (B) 988.95 914.29 (C) (I) Loans in India 30 (1) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2			991.43	1,011.92	
(C) (I) Loans in India At Amortised Cost Public Sectors Others 991.43 1,011.92 991.43 1,011.92 1,011.		Less: Impairment loss allowance	(2.48)	(97.63)	
(I) Loans in India At Amortised Cost Public Sectors - <t< td=""><td></td><td>Total (B)</td><td>988.95</td><td>914.29</td></t<>		Total (B)	988.95	914.29	
At Amortised Cost Public Sectors - - - - - - - - - - - 1,011.92 1,011.92 1,011.92 (2.48) (97.63) (97.63) 7.63) 1,011.92		(C)			
Public Sectors - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		(I) Loans in India			
Others 991.43 1,011.92 991.43 1,011.92 991.43 1,011.92 991.43 1,011.92 991.43 1,011.92 991.43 1,011.92 991.43 1,011.92 988.95 914.29 (II) Loans in Outside India At Amortised Cost Public Sectors - - Others - - Cothers - - Less: Impairment loss allowance - - Total (II) - -		At Amortised Cost			
Sest Impairment loss allowance 1,011.92 1,011.9		Public Sectors	-	-	
Less: Impairment loss allowance (2.48) (97.63) Total (I) 988.95 914.29 (II) Loans in Outside India At Amortised Cost - - Public Sectors - - Others - - Less: Impairment loss allowance - - Total (II) - -		Others	991.43	1,011.92	
Total (I) 988.95 914.29 (II) Loans in Outside India At Amortised Cost - - Public Sectors - - Others - - Less: Impairment loss allowance - - Total (II) - -			991.43	1,011.92	
(II) Loans in Outside India At Amortised Cost Public Sectors - - - Others - - - Less: Impairment loss allowance - - - Total (II) - - -		Less: Impairment loss allowance	(2.48)	(97.63)	
At Amortised Cost -		Total (I)	988.95	914.29	
Public Sectors		(II) Loans in Outside India			
Others Less: Impairment loss allowance Total (II)		At Amortised Cost			
Less: Impairment loss allowance Total (II)		Public Sectors	-	-	
Total (II)		Others		-	
		Less: Impairment loss allowance	-	-	
Total (C) = (I)+(II) 988.95 914.29		Total (II)		-	
		Total (C) = (I) + (II)	988.95	914.29	

Note: The loans or advances outstanding as on 31-Mar-24 and 31-Mar-23, in the natures of loans, are granted to promoters, directors, KMPs and the related parties (as defined under the Companies Act 2013), either severally or jointly with any other person are as follows:

(Amount in Rs. In Lakhs)

	Amount	% to the total Loans
As at 31-Mar-2024		
Promoter	-	-
Directors	-	-
KMPs	-	-
Other Related Parties	186.	13 19%
As at 31-Mar-2023		
Promoter	-	-
Directors	-	-
KMPs	-	-
Other Related Parties	<u>-</u>	-

$7\ \ PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AND CAPITAL WORK IN PROGRESS$

(Amount in Rs. In Lakhs)

			Owned Asse	ets	
Particulars	Office Premises	Office Equipments	Computers	Furniture & Fixture	Total
GROSS CARRYING VALUE					
Cost as on 1 April, 2022	42.65	1.52	1.88	0.04	46.09
Additions/ Adjustments	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at March 31, 2023	42.65	1.52	1.88	0.04	46.09
Additions/ Adjustments	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals	(42.65)	-	-	-	(42.65)
Balance as at March 31, 2024	-	1.52	1.88	0.04	3.44
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION Balance at 1 April, 2022 Depreciation for the year Disposals Balance as at March 31, 2023	19.52 0.69 - 20.21	1.52 - - 1.52	1.88 - - 1.88	0.04 - - 0.04	22.96 0.69 - 23.65
Depreciation for the year	0.08	-	-	-	0.08
Disposals	(20.29)	-	-	-	(20.29)
Balance as at March 31, 2024	-	1.52	1.88	0.04	3.44
NET CARRYING VALUE					
At 31 March, 2023	22.44	-	-	-	22.44
At 31 March, 2024	-	-	-	-	-

No revaluation of any class of asset is carried out during the year.

Title deeds of immovable properties are held in the name of the Company.

The title deed holder of immovable properties is not a promoter, director or related party of the company.

(Amount in Rs. In Lakhs)

		As at 31-Mar-2024	As at 31-Mar-2023
8	OTHER NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS		
	(i) Advance to Creditors	0.27	0.28
	(ii) Prepaid Expenses	-	0.22
	(iii) Advance to Employees	4.13	<u> </u>
	Total	4.40	0.50

9 TRADEPAYABLES

(i) MSME

(ii) Others

Total

0.03	-
-	-
0.03	-

Foot Notes:

(i) According to the information available with the management on the basis of intimation received from the suppliers regarding their status under the micro, small and medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED ACT), the Company has amounts due to Micro and small Enterprises under the said act as follows:

Principal Amount Payable	0.03	-
Interest amount due and remaining unpaid	-	-
Interest Paid	-	-
Payment Beyond the appointed day during the year	-	-
Interest due and payable for the period for the delay	-	-
Interest accurred and remaining unpaid	-	-
Amount of further interest remaining due and payable succeeding years	-	-

(ii) Dues to Micro and Small Enterprises have been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information collected by the Management. This has been relied upon by the auditors.

(iii) Trade payable aging schedule :

Particulars	Outstand	Outstanding for following periods from the transaction date				
	less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years		
Aging as at March 31, 2024						
MSME	-	-	-	-	-	
Others	0.03	-	-	-	0.03	
Disputed dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-	
Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-	
Aging as at March 31, 2023						
MSME	-	-	-	-	-	
Others	-	-	-	-	-	
Disputed dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-	
Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-	

(Amount in Rs. In Lakhs)

OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITES

(i) Interest Accrued but not due on borrowings

(ii) Others

Total

As at 31-Mar-2024	As at 31-Mar- 2023
-	-
8.82	3.34
8.82	3.34

15.49
15.49
15.49
10.94
10.94
0.31
75.00
75.31
725.00
725.00
681.85
12.40

Foot Notes:

i) Rights, preferences and restrictions attaching to each class of shares:

The company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs. 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The dividend has not been proposed by the Board of Directors. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amount, in proportion to their shareholding.

$ii) \ Reconciliation \ of the \ number \ of \ shares \ outstanding \ at \ the \ beginning \ and \ at \ the \ end \ of \ the \ reporting \ period:$

Particulars	As at 31-Mar-2024		As at 31-Mar-2023	
	No of Eq. Shares	Amount in Rs.	No of Eq. Shares	Amount in Rs.
Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	69,70,100	6,94,25,500	69,70,100.00	6,94,25,500.00
Shares issued during the year	-	-	-	-
Call in Arrears Received	-	2,500	-	-
Shares bought back during the year	-	-	-	-
Shares outstanding at the end of the year	69,70,100	6,94,28,000	69,70,100.00	6,94,25,500.00

iii) The details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares:

Name of Shareholder	As at 31-Mar-2024		As at 31-Mar-2023	
	No of Eq. Sh. Held	% of	No of Eq. Sh. Held	% of Holding
Priyaj H. Shah	18,24,854	26.18	18,24,854.00	26.18
Dharmil H. Shah	17,93,851	25.74	17,93,851.00	25.74
Priti H.Shah	6,13,786	8.81	6,13,786.00	8.81

iv) Shareholding and Change in shareholding percentages of promoters

Promoter	% Change during	As at 31-Mar-2024		As at 3	1-Mar-2023	
	the year	No of Eq. Sh. Held	% of	No of Eq. Sh. Held	% of Holding	
Kamlesh M. Khirani	-	19,600	0.28	19,600.00	0.28	
Priti H.Shah	-	6,13,786	8.81	6,13,786.00	8.81	
Dharmil H. Shah	-	17,93,851	25.74	17,93,851.00	25.74	
Priyaj H. Shah	-	18,24,854	26.18	18,24,854.00	26.18	
Velji L. Shah	-	-	-	-	-	
Haresh V. Shah	-	-	-	-	-	

v) Details of Calls unpaid

Particulars	As at 31-Mar-2024		As at 31-Mar-2023	
	No of Eq. Sh.	Amount in	No of Eq. Sh.	Amount in Rs.
Directors / officers	-	-	-	-
Others	1,51,100	2,73,000	1,51,600.00	2,75,500.00

(Amount in Rs. In Lakhs)

	(Amount in Rs. In Lakhs)	
	As at 31-Mar-2024	As at 31-Mar-2023
15 <u>OTHER EQUITY</u>		
(i) Reserves & Surplus		
Statutory Reserve	187.77	160.16
Retained Earnings	252.80	169.98
Total	440.57	330.14
(i) RESERVES & SURPLUS		
Statutory reserve pursuant to Section 45-IC of the RBI Act, 1934		
Balance As Per Last Balance Sheet	160.16	156.80
Add: Transfer from Retained Earnings	27.62	3.36
Balance at the end of the year	187.78	160.16
Retained Earnings		
Balance As Per Last Balance Sheet	169.98	159.91
Add: Profit for the year	110.44	13.43
Less: transfer to statutory reserve	(27.62)	(3.36)
Balance at the end of the year	252.80	169.98

Nature & Purpose of Reserves:

- a) Statutory reserve pursuant to Section 45-IC of the RBI Act, 1934: The Company created a reserve pursuant to section 45 IC the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 by transferring amount not less than twenty per cent of its net profit every year as disclosed in the Statement of Profit and Loss account and before any dividend is declared.
- b) Retained Earnings: Retained Earnings comprises of the Company's prior years' undistributed earnings and is permitted to be distributed to shareholders as part of dividend.

Total Capabilities measured at amortised cost Capabilities measure			(Amount i	n Rs. In Lakhs)
Page			2023-24	2022-23
Total Tota	16	REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS		
Total 77.96 69.84 17 OTHER INCOME		On financial assets measured at amortised cost:		
17 OTHER INCOME		(i) Interest on Loans	77.96	69.84
(i) Profit on Sale of Property, Plant and Equipments		Total	77.96	69.84
(ii) Interest on Bank Deposits 0.05 0.10 (iii) Interest on Income tax refund 0.40 0.22 Total 83.30 0.32 IS FINANCE COSTS On financial liabilities measured at amortised cost: (i) Interest on borrowings - 0.23 (ii) Other interest expenses 0.02 0.02 Total 0.02 0.02 19 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE 32.26 37.35 (ii) Campany Contribution to PF, ESI and Other Funds - - (iii) Gratuity Expenses 0.27 0.99 (iv) Staff Welfare Expenses - - Total 32.53 38.34 20 DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION 0.08 0.69	17	OTHER INCOME		
(iii) Interest on Income tax refund 0.40 0.22 Total 83.30 0.32 FINANCE COSTS On financial liabilities measured at amortised cost: (i) Interest on borrowings - 0.23 (ii) Other interest expenses 0.02 0.05 Total 0.02 0.29 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE (i) Salary and Wages 32.26 37.35 (ii) Company Contribution to PF, ESI and Other Funds - - (iii) Gratuity Expenses 0.27 0.99 (iv) Staff Welfare Expenses - - - Total 32.53 38.34 DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION 0.08 0.69		(i) Profit on Sale of Property, Plant and Equipments	82.85	-
Total 83.30 0.32		(ii) Interest on Bank Deposits	0.05	0.10
FINANCE COSTS		(iii) Interest on Income tax refund	0.40	0.22
On financial liabilities measured at amortised cost:		Total	83.30	0.32
(i) Interest on borrowings - 0.23 (ii) Other interest expenses 0.02 0.06 Total 0.02 0.29 19 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE (i) Salary and Wages 32.26 37.35 (ii) Company Contribution to PF, ESI and Other Funds - - (iii) Gratuity Expenses 0.27 0.99 (iv) Staff Welfare Expenses - - Total 32.53 38.34 20 DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION 0.08 0.69	18	FINANCE COSTS		
(ii) Other interest expenses 0.02 0.06 Total 0.02 0.29 IMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE (i) Salary and Wages 32.26 37.35 (ii) Company Contribution to PF, ESI and Other Funds - - (iii) Gratuity Expenses 0.27 0.99 (iv) Staff Welfare Expenses - - Total 32.53 38.34 20 DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION (i) Depreciation during the year 0.08 0.69		On financial liabilities measured at amortised cost:		
Total 0.02 0.29 IP EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE (i) Salary and Wages 32.26 37.35 (ii) Company Contribution to PF, ESI and Other Funds - - (iii) Gratuity Expenses 0.27 0.99 (iv) Staff Welfare Expenses - - Total 32.53 38.34 20 DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION (i) Depreciation during the year 0.08 0.69		(i) Interest on borrowings	-	0.23
19 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE (i) Salary and Wages 32.26 37.35 (ii) Company Contribution to PF, ESI and Other Funds - - (iii) Gratuity Expenses 0.27 0.99 (iv) Staff Welfare Expenses - - Total 32.53 38.34 20 DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION (i) Depreciation during the year 0.08 0.69		(ii) Other interest expenses	0.02	0.06
(i) Salary and Wages 32.26 37.35 (ii) Company Contribution to PF, ESI and Other Funds - - (iii) Gratuity Expenses 0.27 0.99 (iv) Staff Welfare Expenses - - Total 32.53 38.34 20 DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION (i) Depreciation during the year 0.08 0.69		Total	0.02	0.29
(ii) Company Contribution to PF, ESI and Other Funds (iii) Gratuity Expenses (iv) Staff Welfare Expenses Total 20 DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION (i) Depreciation during the year O.27 0.99 Total 32.53 38.34	19	EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE		
(iii) Gratuity Expenses (iv) Staff Welfare Expenses Total 20 DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION (i) Depreciation during the year 0.99 32.53 38.34		(i) Salary and Wages	32.26	37.35
(iv) Staff Welfare Expenses Total 20 DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION (i) Depreciation during the year 20 0.08 0.69		(ii) Company Contribution to PF, ESI and Other Funds	-	-
Total 32.53 38.34 20 <u>DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION</u> (i) Depreciation during the year 0.08 0.69		(iii) Gratuity Expenses	0.27	0.99
20 DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION (i) Depreciation during the year 0.08 0.69		(iv) Staff Welfare Expenses	-	-
(i) Depreciation during the year 0.08 0.69		Total	32.53	38.34
	20	DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION		
Total 0.08 0.69		(i) Depreciation during the year	0.08	0.69
		Total	0.08	0.69

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		(Amount i	in Rs. In Lakhs)
		2023-24	2022-23
21 <u>OTHI</u>	ER EXPENSES	<u> </u>	
Rent,	taxes and energy costs	0.60	0.60
Repai	rs and maintenance - Others	-	-
Comm	nunication Costs	0.60	0.60
Printir	ng and stationery	0.43	0.34
Adve	rtisement and publicity	0.63	1.09
Audit	tor's fees and expenses #1	1.25	1.25
	and professional	2.27	2.37
Conv	eyance	0.78	1.98
Amou	unt Written Off	1.22	-
Listin	g & Custodian Fees	3.48	3.82
Memb	bership and Subcription fees	0.77	1.10
Regis	trar & Shares transfer fees	1.33	0.80
Provis	sion for Standard Loans	0.19	0.50
Provis	sion for Sub-Standard Loans	-	-
Other	Expenses	2.00	1.75
	Total	15.55	16.20
#1 Au	uditor's fees and expenses		
A	Audit fees	1.25	1.25
Т	Tax Audit fees	-	-
(Others	-	-
22 <u>INCO</u>	<u>OME TAX</u>		
(a) Inc	come tax expense in the Statement of Profit and loss comprises:		
Curre	nt taxes	3.10	2.28
Defen	red taxes	-	-
Prior I	Period taxes	1.21	-
Incom	ne tax expense	4.31	2.28

	31 March, 2024 and 31 March, 2023:		
	Accounting profit before tax	113.10	14.64
	Tax at India's statutory income tax rate of 26%	29.40	3.81
	Tax effect of amounts which are not deductible (taxable) in calculating taxable income:		
	Exempted Income		
	Disallowed Expenses		
	Deferred Tax related		
	Effect of MAT Credit Entitlement	(26.30)	(1.52)
	Effect of Prior Period tax	1.21	-
	Income tax expense	4.31	2.29
23	CONTINGENT LIABILITY (To the extent not provided for)	-	-
24	COMMITMENTS	-	-
25	EARNINGS PER SHARE		
	Computed in accordance with Ind AS 33 "Earnings per Share":-		
	(i) Basic and Diluted Earnings Per Share (Rs.)		
	Profit for the year (Rs.)	108.78	12.36
	Weighted Average No of Equity Shares (Nos.)	69,42,723	69,42,550
	Nominal Value of shares outstanding (Rs.)	10	10
	Basic and Diluted Earning per share (Rs.)	1.57	0.18
	(ii) Weighted average number of shares used as the denominator (Nos.)		
	Opening Balance	69,42,550	69,42,550
	Shares Issued / Calls in arrears received	173	-
	Shares Brought Back	-	-
	Closing Balance	69,42,723	69,42,550

(Amount in Rs. In Lakhs)

(Amo	unt in Rs. In Lakhs)
2023-24	2022-23
enses during the year.	The contributions
eme.	The contributions
	-
-	-
qualifying employees	
of the continuous emp	
ent. Liabilities in gratu	ity plan are
7.10%	7.40%
-	-
7.00%	7.00%
9.77	8.78
0.69	0.65
1.26	1.41
-	
_	_
(1.68)	(1.07)
(1.00)	(1.07)
10.04	9.77
10.04	7.11
_	_
_	-
_	_
_	_
	_
	_
10.04	9.77
- 0.0	

26 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS: DISCLOSURE PURSUANT TO IND AS-19 A. Defined Contribution Plans: The Company has contributed under defined contribution plan recognised as ex payable by the Company to these plans at the rate specified in the rules of the sc i) Employer's Contribution to Provident Fund B. Defined Benefit Plan: The Company provides the Group Gratuity Scheme under defined benefit plans it payable to all eligible employee on retirement, subject to completion of five years termination of employee that is based on last drawn salary and tenure of employe determined by actuarial valuation on the balance sheet date. a) The principal assumptions used in actuarial valuation are as below: Discount Rate Rate of return on Plan Assets Expected rate of increase in compensation level b) Changes in the present value of obligations Opening Present Value of obligations Interest Cost Current Service Cost Benefits Paid Past Service Cost Actuarial loss/(gain) on obligations Change in financial assumptions Closing Present Value of Obligations c) Changes in Fair Value of Plan Assets Opening Fair Value of Plan Assets Investment Income

Employer Contribution Employee Contribution Benefits Paid Actuarial loss/(gain) on plan assets Closing Fair Value of Plan Assets

d) Liability recognised in the Balance Sheet		
Present value of obligations as at the end of the year	10.04	9.77
Fair value of Plan Assets as the end of the year	-	-
Funded Status	-	-
Net (Assets)/Liability Recognised in the Balance Sheet	10.04	9.77
e) Expenses Recognised in Profit & Loss		
Interest Cost	0.69	0.65
	1.04	

Interest Cost	0.69	0.65
Current Service Cost	1.26	1.41
Expenses to be recognised in the Statement of Profit and	1.95	2.06
f) Expenses recognised in Other Comprehensive Income	-	-
Acturial (gain)/loss - obligation	(1.68)	(1.07)
Acturial (gain)/loss - plan assets	-	-
Total Acturial (gain)/loss	(1.68)	(1.07)

27 SEGMENT INFORMATION

Operating Segments:

An operating segment is a component of an entity:

- (a) that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses (including revenues and expenses relating to transactions with other components of the same entity),
- (b) whose operating results are regularly reviewed by the entity's chief operating decision maker (CODM) to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance, and
- (c) for which discrete financial information is available.

The Company is undertaking activity of providing finance and is predominantly affected to some extent of the customers profile. The director of the Company has been identified as the Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM). The CODM evaluates the segments based on their revenue growth, earnings before interest, tax and depreciation and return on capital employed.

The differences in its finance do not qualify as its reportable segment. The company reviews its financials only based on it lendings, recovery and and interest earned. Thus, based on such the Company's assessment, the Company reports segment information under one segment, namely, fianance activity which is it's business segment and accordingly segment revenue is reported by the customer location as below:

Information about geographical areas:

All the customers (borrowers) of the company are located in India. Also all the non current assets of the company are located in India.

<u>Information about major customers:</u>

(Amount in Rs. In Lakhs)
2023-24 2022-23

Segmentwise Agreegate informtion of Revenue from transactions with a single external customer amount to 10 per cent or more of an entity's revenues

66.26 51.66

28 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(i) Name of related parties and nature of relationship:

a. Key management personnel (KMP):

Velji L. Shah

Kalpana Ghate

Swagata Indulkar (Till 06/05/2024)

b. Others - Entities in which above (a) has significant influence :

Tokyo Plast International Limited

(ii) Transactions with related parties:

a. Management Compensation :

(Amount in Rs. In Lakhs)

Particulars	2023-24	2022-23
Short Term employee benefits	15.47	14.96
Post-employment Benefits	-	-
Other long term benefits	-	-
Termination benefits	-	-
Shares based payments benefits	-	-
	15.47	14.96

The above remuneration to Key management personnel compensation does not include contribution to gratuity fund, as this contribution is a lump sum amount for all relevant employees based on actuarial valuation.

b. Other Trans actions:

(Amount in Rs. In Lakhs)

Particulars		
	2023-24	2022-23
Loans and advances Given	190.00	100.00
Tokyo Plast International Limited	190.00	100.00
Loans and advances Received	(14.23)	(100.00)
Tokyo Plast International Limited	(14.23)	(100.00)
Interest Received	11.84	2.85
Tokyo Plast International Limited	11.84	2.85
Reimbursement of Expenses	1.20	1.20
Tokyo Plast International Limited	1.20	1.20
, in the second		

Note: Other transactions with KMP for year 2023-24 is NIL (2022-23: NIL)

(iii) Balances outstanding at the year end of Related Parties:

(Amount in Rs. In Lakhs)

Particulars		
	2023-24	2022-23
Loans and advances Given	186.43	-
Tokyo Plast International Limited	186.43	3 -

Note: Balance Outstanding for transaction with KMP as at 31-Mar-24 is NIL (31-Mar-23: NIL)

29 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

(i) Financial Instruments by Category

(Amount in Rs. In Lakhs)

Particulars		As at 31-Mar-2024		
	FVPL	FVOCI	Amortised Cost	
Financial Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	148.97	
Bank Balance other than above	-	-	-	
Loans	-	-	988.95	
Total Financial Assets	_	-	1,137.92	
Financial Liabilities:				
Payables			0.03	
Other financial Liabilites	-	-	8.82	
Total Financial Liabilities	-	-	8.85	

Particulars		As at 31-Mar-2023			
		FVPL	FVOCI	Amortised Cost	
Financial Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents		-	-	161.26	
Bank Balance other than above		-	-	-	
Loans		-	-	914.29	
Total Financial Assets		ı	-	1,075.55	
Financial Liabilities:					
Payables		-	-	-	
Other financial Liabilites		-	-	3.34	
Total Financial Liabilities		-	-	3.34	

(ii) Assets and Liabilities that are disclosed at FVTPL or Amortised Cost for which Fair values are disclosed are classified as Level 3.

If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the respective assets and liabilities are considered under Level 3.

(iii) Fair value of financial assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost

(Amount in Rs. In Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31-Mar-2024		As at 31-Mar-2023		
	Carrying value	Fair Value	Carrying value	Fair Value	
Financial Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	148.97	148.97	161.26	161.26	
Bank Balance other than above	-	-	-	-	
Loans	988.95	988.95	914.29	914.29	
Total Financial Assets	1,137.92	1,137.92	1,075.55	1,075.55	
Financial Liabilities:					
Payables	0.03	0.03	-	-	
Other financial Liabilites	8.82	8.82	3.34	3.34	
Total Financial Liabilities	8.85	8.85	3.34	3.34	

30 <u>DISCLOSURE PURSUANT TO IND AS 107 "FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS: DISCLOSURES:"</u>

(a) Expected credit loss - Loans:

	As	As at 31-Mar-2024			s at 31-Mar-20	23
	Gross Carrying	Expected	Carrying	Gross	Expected	Carrying
	Amount	Credit Loss	amount	Carrying	Credit Loss	amount
			net of	Amount		net of
			impairment			impairment
			provision			provision
Stage-1	991.43	2.48	988.95	916.58	2.29	914.29
Stage-2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Stage-3	-	-	-	95.34	95.34	-

Notes:

Stage -1: Financial assets for whichcredit risk hasnot increased significantly since initial recognition (Loss allowance measured at 12month expected credit losses)

Stage - 2: Financial assets for which credit riskhas increased significantly and notice dit-impaired (Loss allowance measured at lifetime expected credit losses)

Stage - 3: Financial assets for which credit riskhas increased significantly and credit-impaired (Loss allowance measured at lifetime expected credit losses)

(b) Reconciliation of loss allowance provision - Loans:

	Stage - 1	Stage - 2	Stage -3	Total
Loss allowance as on March 31, 2022	1.79	-	95.34	97.13
New Assets Orginated	0.50	-	-	0.50
Amount Written Off	-	-	-	-
Transfer to Stage - 1	-	-	-	-
Transfer to Stage - 2	-	-	-	-
Transfer to Stage - 3	-	-	-	-
Impact on year end ECL of Exposure transferred between stages during theyear	-	-	-	-
Increase / (Decrease) in provision on existing financial assets (Net of recovery)	-	-	-	-
Loss allowance as on March 31, 2023	2.29	-	95.34	97.63
New Assets Orginated	0.47	-	-	0.47
Amount Written Off	-	-	(95.34)	(95.34)
Transfer to Stage - 1	-	-	-	-
Transfer to Stage - 2	-	-	-	-
Transfer to Stage - 3	-	-	-	-
Impact on year end ECL of Exposure transferred between stages during theyear	-	-	-	-
Increase / (Decrease) in provision on existing financial assets (Net of recovery)	(0.28)	-	-	(0.28)
Loss allowance as on March 31, 2024	2.48	-	-	2.48

31 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

Financial risk factors

The Company activities exposes it to a variety of financial risk namely credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's focus is to foresee the unpredictability of financial markets and seek to minimise potential adverse effect on its financial performance.

(a) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. Credit risk primarily arises from Trade receivables and Loans, Cash and cash equivalents and Deposit with banks.

The Company exposure to the credit risk is limited as follows:

Loans

- i) The Company's customers base consists of a large corporate customers and business enterprenures. Hence credit risk is not high.
- ii) Customer's credit risk is managed by the company's established policies, procedures and control relating to customer's credit risk management. Before accepting any new customer, the Company has appropriate level of control procedures to assess the potential customer's credit quality. The credit-worthiness of its customers are reviewed based on their financial position, past experience and other factors. Outstanding loan receivables are regularly monitored. The credit risk related to the loan is mitigated by setting appropriate payment terms and credit period, and by setting and monitoring internal limits on exposure to individual customers.
- iii) As required by Ind AS 109 company recognises Expected Credit Loss Allowances
- iv) The gross carrying amount of Loan is Rs. 991.43 lakhs as at 31st March, 2024, Rs. 1011.92 lakhs as at 31st March, 2023.

Reconciliation of Expected Credit Loss Allowances

(Amount in Rs. In Lakhs)

Particulars	2023-24	2022-23
Loss allowance at the beginning of the year	97.63	97.13
Add: Changes in loss allowances	(95.15)	0.50
Loss allowance at the end of the year	2.48	97.63

Financial Assets other than Loans

i) The Company places its cash and cash equivalents and deposits with banks with high investment grade ratings which limits the amount of credit exposure with bank and conducts ongoing evaluation of the credit worthiness of the bank with which it does business. Given the high credit ratings of these financial institutions, the Company does not expect these financial institutions to fail in meeting their obligations.

ii) In case of Investments, security deposits, advances and receivables given by the company provision is taken on a case to case basis depending on circumstances with respect to non recoverability of the amount.

iii) The gross carrying amount of Financial Assets other than Loans are Rs. 148.97 lakhs as at 31st March, 2024, Rs. 161.26 lakhs as at 31st March, 2023.

(c) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities. The Company's approach is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due.

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of significant financial liabilities as of March 31, 2024:

(Amount in Rs. In Lakhs)

(Amount in Rs. I

Particulars	Carrying Amount	Up to 1 Year	Beyond 1 Year	Total
Trade and other payables	8.85	8.85	-	8.85
Total (as at March 31, 2024)	8.85	8.85	-	8.85
Trade and other payables	3.34	3.34	-	3.34
Total (as at March 31, 2023)	3.34	3.34	-	3.34

32 CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The capital structure of the Company consists of net debt and total equity of the Company. The Company manages its capital to ensure that the Company will be able to continue as going concern while maximising the return to stakeholders through an optimum mix of debt and equity within the overall capital structure. The Company's risk management committee reviews the capital structure of the Company considering the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital.

33 <u>DISCLOSURE PURSUANT TO IND AS 7 "STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS"</u> CHANGES IN LIABILITIES ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

	2023-24	2022-23
Borrowings (Other Than Debt Securities)		
Opening Balance	-	-
Cash Flows	-	-
Others	-	-
Closing Balance	-	-

34 ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURE AS PER RBI CIRCULARS

(Amount in Rs. In Lakhs)

As at 3	1-Mar-2024	As at 31-Mar-2023	
Amount outstanding	Amount overdue	Amount outstanding	Amount overdue

Liabilities side:

- (1) Loans and advances availed by the non-banking financial company inclusive of interest accrued thereon but not paid:
 - (a) Debentures:
 - Secured
 - Unsecured

(Other than falling within the meaning of public deposits)

- (b) Deferred Credits
- (c) Term Loans
- (d) Inter-corporate loans and borrowing
- (e) Commercial Paper
- (f) Public Deposits*
- (g) Other Loans
- (2) Break-up of (1)(f) above (Outstanding public deposits inclusive of interest accrued thereon but not paid):
 - (a) In the form of Unsecured debentures
 - (b) In the form of partly secured debentures i.e. debentures where there is a shortfall in the value of security
- (c) Other public deposits

Please see Note 1 below

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(Amount in Rs. In Lakhs)

		(Amount in Rs. in Lakns)
	As at 31-Mar-2024	As at 31-Mar-2023
	Amount outstanding	Amount outstanding
Assets side : (net of provisions)		
(3) Break-up of Loans and Advances including bills receivables		
(Other than those included in (4) below):		
(a) Secured	-	-
(b) Unsecured	988.95	914.29
4) Break up of Leased Assets and stock on hire and other assets		
counting towards AFC activities		
(i) Leased assets including lease rentals under Sundry debtors :		
(a) Financial lease	-	-
(b) Operating lease	-	-
(ii) Stock on hire including hire charges under sundry debtors:		
(a) Assets on hire	-	-
(b) Repossessed Assets	-	-
(iii) Other loans counting towards AFC activities		
(a) Loans where assets have been repossessed	_	-
(b) Loans other than (a) above	-	-
5) Break-up of Investments:		
Current Investments:		
1. Quoted		
(i) Shares:		
(a) Equity	-	-
(b) Preference	-	-
(ii) Debentures and Bonds	-	-
(iii) Units of mutual funds	-	-
(iv) Government Securities	-	-
(v) Others	-	-
2. Unquoted		
(i) Shares:		
(a) Equity	-	-
(b) Preference	-	-
(ii) Debentures and Bonds	-	-
(iii) Units of mutual funds	-	-
(iv) Government Securities	-	-
(v) Others	-	-

(Amount in Rs. In Lakhs)	

				(Amount in	Ns. In Lukns)	
		As at 31	-Mar-2024	As at 31	-Mar-2023	
		Amount	outstanding	Amount of	outstanding	
ong Term Investments :					<u> </u>	
1. Quoted						
(i) Shares:						
(a) Equity			-		-	
(b) Preference			-		-	
(ii) Debentures and Bonds			-		-	
(iii) Units of mutual funds			-		-	
(iv) Government Securities			-		-	
(v) Others			-		-	
2. Unquoted						
(i) Shares:						
(a) Equity			-		-	
(b) Preference			-		-	
(ii) Debentures and Bonds			-		-	
(iii) Units of mutual funds			-		-	
(iv) Government Securities			-		-	
(v) Others			-		-	
					(Amount in Rs	s. In Lakhs)
	I	As at 31-Mar-2	024	A	s at 31-Mar-202	3
	Secured	Unsecured	Total	Secured	Unsecured	Total
) Borrower group-wise classification of assets financed in (3) and (4) above :						
amount Net of Provisions)						
1. Related parties**						
(a) Subsidiaries	_	-	-	-	-	-
(a) Subsidiaries (b) Companies in the same group	-		-	-	-	
(b) Companies in the same group		- - 185.96	- - 185.96	-		-
()	- - -	- 185.96 802.99	- 185.96 802.99		- - - 914.29	- - - 914.29

(Amount in Rs. In Lakhs)

		1	,	
As at 31-Mar-2024		As at 31-Mar-2023		
Market	Book Value	Market Book Valu		
Value /	(Net of	Value / Break	(Net of	
Break up or	Provisions)	up or fair	Provisions)	
fair value or		value or		
NAV		NAV		

(7) Investor group-wise classification of all investments (current and long term) in shares and securities (both quoted and unquoted):

1. Related parties**

(a) Subsidiaries

(b) Companies in the same group

(c) Other related parties

2. Other than related parties

-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
_	_	_	_

(Amount in Rs. In Lakhs)

As at 31-Mar-2024	As at 31-Mar-2023	
Amount outstanding	Amount outstanding	

(8) Other information

(i) Gross Non-Performing Assets

(a) Related parties

(b) Other than related parties

(b) Other than related parties

(ii) Net Non-Performing Assets

(a) Related parties

(iii) Assets acquired in satisfaction of debt

-

95.34

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Notes:

- 1. As defined in point xxv of paragraph 3 of Chapter -II of these Directions.
- 2. Provisioning norms shall be applicable as prescribed in these Directions.
- 3. All notified Accounting Standards and Guidance Notes issued by ICAI are applicable including for valuation of investments and other assets as also assets acquired in satisfaction of debt. However, market value in respect of quoted investments and break up/ fair value/ NAV in respect of unquoted investments shall be disclosed irrespective of whether they are classified as long term (amortised cost in the case of Ind AS) or current (fair value in the case of Ind AS) in (5) above

^{**} As per Accounting Standard of ICAI (Please see Note 3)

35 ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURE AS PER RBI CIRCULARS:

(Amount in Rs. In Lakhs)

Asset Classification as per RBI Norms	Asset classifiation as per Ind AS 109	Gross Carrying Amount as per Ind AS	Loss Allowances (Provisions) as required under Ind AS 109	Net Carrying Amount	Provisions required as per IRACP norms	Difference between Ind AS 109 provisions and IRACP norms
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)=(3)-(4)	(6)	(7) = (4)-(6)
Performing Assets						
Standard	Stage 1	991.43	2.48	988.95	2.48	-
	Stage 2	-	-	-	-	-
Subtotal		991.43	2.48	988.95	2.48	-
Non-Performing Assets (NPA)						
Substandard	Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-
Doubtul-up to 1 year	Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-
1 to 3 years	Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-
More than 3 years	Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-
Subtotal for doubtful		-	-	-	-	-
Loss	Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-
Subtotal for NPA		-	-	-	-	-
Other items such as guarantees, loan commitments, etc.	Stage 1	_	_	_	_	-
which are in the scope of Ind AS 109 but not covered	Stage 2	_	_	_	_	_
under current Income Recognition, Asset Classification and Provisioning (IRACP) norms	Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-
Subtotal		_	-	-	-	-
Total	Stage 1	991.43	2.48	988.95	2.48	-
	Stage 2	-	-	-	-	-
	Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-
	Total	991.43	2.48	988.95	2.48	

36 <u>ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES AS NOTIFIED BY MCA PURSUANT TO AMENDED SCHEDULE III:</u>

The following additional information (other than what is already disclosed elsewhere) is disclosed in terms of amendments dated March 24, 2021 in Schedule III to the Companies Act 2013 with effect from 1st day of April, 2021:-

- a. The company has no subsidiary prescribed under the Act and hence clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017 is not applicable to the company
- h. There is no Scheme of Arrangements has been approved by the Competent Authority in terms of sections 230 to 237 of the Companies Act, 2013
- c. Disclosure in Relation to Undisclosed Income During the year, the Company has not surrendered or disclosed any income in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961). Accordingly, there are no transaction which are not recorded in the books of accounts.
- d. The company was not having net worth of rupees five hundred crore or more, turnover of rupees one thousand crore or more, net profit of rupees five crore or more during the immediately preceding financial year and hence, provisions of section 135 of the Act not applicable to the company during the year.

e. Financial ratios:

(i) RBI requires NBFC's to maintains a minimium capital to risk weighted assets ratio (CRAR) consisting of Tier I and Tier II capital of 15% of the agregate risk weighted assets. Since, the Company (NBFC) is a "NBFC-ND-NSI" hence it is not required to compute the financial ratios CRAR, Tier-I CRAR. Tier-II CRAR

(ii) Liquidity Coverage Ratio

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	2023-24	2022-23
Total Outside Liabilities	22.13	89.59
Owned Funds	1,134.86	1,024.39
Leverage Ratio	0.02	0.09

- f. The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds (either borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Intermediary shall:
 - (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
- g. The Company has not received any funds from any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:
 - (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
- h. There is no proceeding initiated or pending against the company during the year for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 and rules made thereunder.
- i. The company is not declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial Institution or any other lenders.
- j. The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.
- k. There are no creation or satisfaction of charges as at 31st March, 2024 pending with ROC beyond the statutory period.
- l. The Company has no transactions with Struck Off Companies.
- m. The Company has no borrowings Sanctioned in excess of Rs. 5 Crores from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets.
- 37 <u>AUDIT TRAIL NOTE:</u> The Company is using accounting software for maintaining its books of account wherein, audit trail feature (edit log facility) as per the requirements of proviso to rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) rule 2014, is not available/ not enabled during the year ended March 31st, 2024. The Company is in the process of evaluating options for implementing audit trail feature in the accounting software used for maintaining its books of account to comply with the prescribed requirements.

38 PREVIOUS YEAR FIGURES:

Previous year figures have been regrouped/reclassified whenever necessary, to make them comparable with the current year figures.

As per our report of even date

For UBG & Co. For and Behalf of Board

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No.141076W

Velji L. Shah (Chairman and M.D., DIN: 7239)

Gauray Parekh Haresh V. Shah (Director, DIN: 8339)

Partner

Membership No. 140694 Kalpana Ghate (C.F.O.)

Place: Mumbai Date: 16 May, 2024